#### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional supplementary information)

**JUNE 30, 2017** 



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lansing School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lansing School District basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2017 on our consideration of Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manes Costeinan PC

October 9, 2017

This section of the Lansing School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. All of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both short and long-term, are reported. As such, these statements include capital assets, net of related depreciation, as well as the bonded and other long term debt of the District.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are comparable to financial statements for the previous year. The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis in that only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

The formats of the fund statements comply with the requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's "Accounting Manual". In the state of Michigan, school districts' major instructional and instructional support activities are reported in the General Fund. Additional activities are reported in various other funds which include Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition with no asset being reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as another financing source. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. The obligations for future years' debt service are not recorded in the fund financial statements.

### **Summary of Net Position**

The following schedule summarizes the net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 100,118,002	\$ 110,918,668
Capital assets	83,197,808	80,442,837
Total assets	183,315,810	191,361,505
Deferred outflows of resources	29,425,117	25,704,302
Liabilities:		
Long-term outstanding liabilities	94,906,367	108,543,433
Net pension liability	206,552,440	207,334,790
Other liabilities	21,468,015	20,253,065
Total liabilities	322,926,822	336,131,288
Deferred inflows of resources	17,356,260	15,439,894
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	51,184,126	41,975,949
Restricted for debt service	409,141	5,895,647
Restricted for sinking fund	133,570	793,678
Unrestricted	(179,268,992)	(183,170,649)
Total net position	\$ (127,542,155)	\$ (134,505,375)

#### **Analysis of Financial Position**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District's net position increased by \$6,963,220. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

#### 1. Depreciation Expense

GASB Statement 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the assets less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, \$4,215,103 was recorded for depreciation expense.

## 2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, \$7,215,194 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital assets will be depreciated over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital assets (\$7,215,194), assets disposed of (\$1,302,129) and reclassified during the fiscal year, and the current year's depreciation (\$4,215,103) is a net increase to capital assets in the amount of \$2,754,971 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The net increase in capital assets is due mainly to construction in progress related to the new bond issuance.

#### 3. Heightened Fiscal Responsibility

The District's fund balance is a priority of the Board of Education and the Administration. As such, we implemented earlier spending deadlines, eliminated/significantly reduced overtime and additional hours and we had a hiring freeze on non-instructional positions/openings as a result of staff vacancies.

#### **Results of Operations**

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the results of operations, on a District-wide basis, were:

	Year ended June 30, 2017				Year ended Ju	ne 30, 2016
General revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	32,095,974	19.6%	\$	29,543,783	18.7%
Investment earnings		361,953	0.2%		179,000	0.1%
State sources		68,933,002	42.1%		70,132,171	44.3%
IISD special education allocation		15,877,712	9.7%		15,999,595	10.1%
Other		1,084,315	0.7%		1,957,188	1.2%
Total general revenues		118,352,956	72.3%		117,811,737	74.4%
Program revenues:						
Charges for services		972,998	0.6%		1,137,253	0.7%
Operating grants		44,404,100	27.1%		39,415,770	24.9%
Total revenues		163,730,054	100.0%		158,364,760	100.0%
Expenses:					_	
Instruction		77,718,419	49.6%		77,548,042	50.0%
Support services		65,455,313	41.8%		63,011,973	40.6%
Community services		990,052	0.6%		850,731	0.5%
Food services		7,321,652	4.7%		7,094,151	4.6%
Interest on long-term debt		4,137,130	2.6%		1,462,015	0.9%
Loss on sale of assets		191,200	0.1%		4,120,192	2.7%
Unallocated depreciation expense		953,068	0.6%		1,034,356	0.7%
Total expenses		156,766,834	100.0%		155,121,460	100.0%
Change in net position	\$	6,963,220		\$	3,243,300	

### **Analysis of Significant Revenue and Expenses**

Significant revenues and expenditures are discussed in the segments below:

#### 1. **Property Taxes**

The District levies 18 mills of property taxes for operations on non-principal resident exempt property and 6 mills on commercial personal property, less the mandatory reductions required by the Headlee Amendment, Article IX, Section 31. According to Michigan law, the tax levy is based on the taxable valuation of properties. The annual taxable valuation increases are capped at the rate of increase in the prior year's Consumer Price Index or 5%, whichever is less. At the time the property is sold, its taxable valuation is readjusted to the State Equalized Value, which in theory is one half of the property's market value.

For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the District levied \$21,183,533 in non-principal property taxes. This amount represented an increase of 0.7% from the prior year.

The following table summarizes the non-principal resident exempt property tax levies for operations for the past five years:

		% Increase
		(decrease) from
Fiscal year	Non-PRE tax levy	prior year
2016-2017	\$ 21,183,533	0.7%
2015-2016	21,030,363	0.3%
2014-2015	20,965,139	3.5%
2013-2014	20,246,638	2.0%
2012-2013	19,855,704	-5.7%

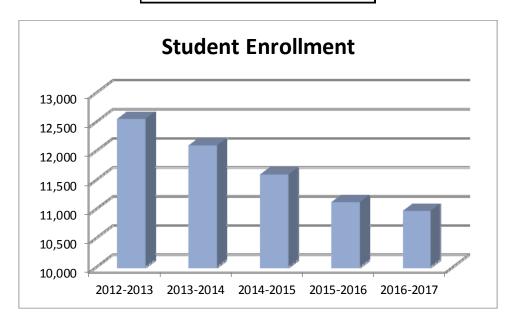
#### 2. State Sources

The majority of the state sources of revenue is comprised of the per student foundation allowance. The State of Michigan funds school districts based on a blended student enrollment. The blended enrollment consists of 90% of the current year's fall count and 10% of the prior fiscal year's spring count. For the 2017 fiscal year, the District received \$7,663, which represented a \$113 change per pupil from the amount received for the 2015-2016 fiscal year of \$7,550.

#### 3. **Student Enrollment**

Student enrollment has declined by 13% since 2012-2013.

	Actual blended
Fiscal year	student FTE
2016-2017	10,962
2015-2016	11,112
2014-2015	11,587
2013-2014	12,088
2012-2013	12,544



#### 4. **Operating Grants**

The District receives a significant portion of its operating revenue from categorical grants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, federal, state, and other grants accounted for \$44,404,100. This amount was an increase from the total grant sources of \$39,415,770 received for the June 30, 2016 fiscal year.

#### 5. County Special Education Allocation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District received a net allocation from the Ingham Intermediate School District in the amount of \$15,877,712 to assist with the education of students with special needs. This amount represents a decrease of \$121,883 as compared to the allocation of \$15,999,595 received during the 2016 fiscal year.

### 6. **Interest Earnings**

The District received interest on its investment of short-term available cash in the amount of \$361,953 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Interest revenues are more than the prior fiscal year by \$182,953.

#### 7. Comparative Expenditures

A comparison of the expenditures reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is shown below:

	2016 - 2017 fiscal year		2015 - 2016 fiscal year	Increase (decrease)		
Instruction	\$ 78,452,847		\$ 80,025,310	\$	(1,572,463)	
Supporting services		65,790,642	63,756,532		2,034,110	
Food service activities		7,459,217	7,449,069		10,148	
Community service activities		1,012,577	852,069		160,508	
Capital outlay		7,728,390	4,190,438		3,537,952	
Debt service		15,628,495	5,778,850		9,849,645	
Total expenditures	\$	176,072,168	\$ 162,052,268	\$	14,019,900	

#### 8. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the annual budget prior to the start of the fiscal year on July 1. Any amendments to the original budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the District amended the general fund budget three times, with the Board adopting the final changes in June 2017.

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended budget, and actual totals from operations.

	Original	Variance with			
	budget	Final budget	Actual	final budget	% Variance
Total revenues	\$148,970,000	\$147,441,000	\$145,483,280	\$ (1,957,720)	(7.3%)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	\$ 79,151,000	\$ 79,425,000	\$ 78,452,847	\$ 972,153	1.2%
Supporting services	68,206,000	67,828,000	65,790,642	2,037,358	3.0%
Community services	1,100,000	1,191,000	1,012,577	178,423	15.0%
Total expenditures	\$148,457,000	\$148,444,000	\$145,256,066	\$ 3,187,934	2.1%
Other financing sources					
(uses)	\$ (511,000)	\$ (200,000)	\$ (63,524)	\$ 136,476	-68.2%

The District's budgeting process budgets for all grants at the awarded amounts. This budgeting process will always result in a variance between the grant amount awarded and the actual amount spent. Approximately \$2.5 million of the budget variance is accounted for by the variance in grants awarded verses grants expended.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$182.6 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings and facilities, school buses and other vehicles, and various types of equipment. This represents a net increase of approximately \$5.6 million over the prior fiscal year. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to approximately \$4.2 million, bringing the accumulated depreciation to approximately \$99.3 million as of June 30, 2017.

		Cost		Accumulated depreciation		017 Net book value	20	)16 Net book value		
Land	\$	3,662,891	\$	-	\$	3,662,891	\$	3,828,391		
Construction in progress		5,955,525		-		5,955,525		-		
Land improvements		19,946,358		19,946,358		13,219,765 6,726		6,726,593		7,077,131
Buildings and additions	136,823,404			72,939,443		63,883,961		66,189,345		
Machinery and equipment		15,121,420		12,736,484		2,384,936		2,707,018		
Transportation equipment		1,080,622		496,720		583,902		640,952		
	\$	182,590,220	\$	99,392,412	\$	83,197,808	\$	80,442,837		

#### **Long-term Debt**

At June 30, 2017, the District had approximately \$92 million in bonded debt outstanding. Total outstanding debt decreased as the District continues to pay down its debt.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- The growth of the Fund Balance continues to be a priority of the Board of Education and the Administration. Districts are also recommended to have a fund balance of 10% 15% of operating expenditures. Per Michigan School Business Officials, this level of fund balance is necessary to avoid borrowing during the two-month period between the August and October State Aid payments. Additionally, it is important to have a sufficient fund balance to allow a district to avoid drastic changes in educational programs and/or employee layoffs during the school year as a result of low enrollment or as a result of reduced funding/mid-year cuts in State Funding.
- Fiscal management is a priority for the District and the Board which has prompted the continuation of an additional budget amendment process in the spring for 2016-17 school year.

- The District continues to address a comprehensive plan for ongoing budget needs. Budget development will continue to be based on student enrollment and the instructional needs of our student population.
- In school year 2017-18, the District launched intra-district choice, which allows students to attend any school within the District, regardless of the neighborhood in which they live. This initiative has the potential of stabilizing enrollment and promoting a more customer-driven alternative to neighborhood dynamics as the sole data source for determining a school's future.
- The District, in conjunction with the Pathway Promise Bond Project, launched the Lansing Pathway Promise as the District's K 12 educational program plan. Each pathway represents a career and college preparation journey that promotes STEM/STEAM, Skilled Trades, Advanced Manufacturing; Visual and Performing Arts and New Tech High; International Baccalaureate and Biotechnologies. Students and families choose the pathway that most appeals to their learning interests and which provide options for exploration of careers in those related fields along with strong partnerships with the business community. The District believes that giving families multiple choices for their child's school experience is another way to stabilize enrollment and increase engagement.
- In May of 2016, the Lansing community passed a \$120 million bond proposal, the Lansing Pathway Promise. The bond projects are focused on upgrading and renovating facilities according to an educational plan that provides students with three distinct pathways towards career and college readiness: Biotechnologies, International Baccalaureate; Visual and Performing Arts and New Tech; and, STEM/STEAM, Skilled Trades, Advanced Manufacturing. Each pathway enlists the support of the business and industry community in Lansing. At the end of the pathway, a student who graduates from the Lansing School District is eligible for a Promise or Hope Scholarship to attend Michigan State University, Lansing Community College, or Olivet College. The district will implement "open choice" in school year 2017-18 so that where a student lives does not dictate the school they can attend. The Lansing Pathway Promise was overwhelmingly supported with a 62% voter approval. With 27 bond projects in the plan, every corner of the District will benefit in some way from taxpayer support.
- In May of 2017, we kicked off the Lansing Pathway Promise "Bond in Motion" by officially breaking ground at Fairview school. Our first construction project is on time and on budget. Fairview school will receive students for the 2017/2018 school year and construction will continue outside. We anticipate completing construction by the end of summer, 2018. Riddle and Averill schools experienced extensive renovations this summer. It is amazing what new windows, fresh paint, carpeting and HVAC systems do for a building. The schools look great and they will be open for the 2017/2018 school year. We did not stop at construction; nine schools received new classroom furniture. We upgraded our technology infrastructure throughout the district and replaced our phone system.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Chief of Operations office, Lansing School District, 519 W. Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, Michigan, 48933.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,992,088
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	827,021
Intergovernmental	19,212,481
Inventories	173,323
Prepaids	1,383,932
Restricted cash - capital projects	7,036,642
Restricted investments - capital projects	55,492,515
Capital assets not being depreciated	9,618,416
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	73,579,392
TOTAL ASSETS	183,315,810
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred charge on refunding	576,776
Related to pensions	28,848,341
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	29,425,117
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	6,719,056
Accrued salaries and related items	9,355,830
Accrued retirement	3,634,229
Accrued interest	641,925
Unearned revenue	1,116,975
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	8,038,498
Due in more than one year	86,867,869
Net pension liability	206,552,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES	322,926,822
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Related to pensions	11,055,435
Related to state aid funding for pension	6,300,825
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	17,356,260
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	51,184,126
Restricted for debt service	409,141
Restricted for capital projects - sinking fund	133,570
Unrestricted	(179,268,992)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (127,542,155)

### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

					overnmental activities
			Program	let (expense) revenue and	
Functions/programs		Expenses	arges for services	Operating grants	changes in net position
		_			
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$	77,718,419	\$ 421,785	\$ 19,681,587	\$ (57,615,047)
Support services		65,455,313	87,468	15,947,296	(49,420,549)
Community services		990,052	241,312	957,665	208,925
Food services		7,321,652	222,433	7,817,552	718,333
Interest on long-term debt		4,137,130	-	-	(4,137,130)
Loss on sale of assets		191,200	-	-	(191,200)
Unallocated depreciation		953,068	-		(953,068)
Total governmental activities	\$	156,766,834	\$ 972,998	\$ 44,404,100	 (111,389,736)
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for general pu	rpo	ses			21,443,794
Property taxes, levied for debt service	ce				10,641,984
Property taxes, levied for sinking fur	nd				10,196
Investment earnings					361,953
State sources - unrestricted					68,933,002
Intermediate sources					15,877,712
Other					1,084,315
Total general revenues					 118,352,956
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					6,963,220
<b>NET POSITION</b> , beginning of year					(134,505,375)
NET POSITION, end of year					\$ (127,542,155)

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	G	eneral fund		016 Capital rojects fund	Tot	tal nonmajor funds	g	Total overnmental funds
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,008,257	\$	-	\$	1,983,831	\$	15,992,088
Receivables:								
Accounts receivable		825,373		-		1,648		827,021
Intergovernmental		18,050,723		-		1,161,758		19,212,481
Due from other funds		-		179,767		3,989,244		4,169,011
Inventories		138,006		-		35,317		173,323
Prepaids		1,383,432		-		500		1,383,932
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-		7,036,642		-		7,036,642
Restricted investments		_		55,492,515				55,492,515
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,405,791	\$	62,708,924	\$	7,172,298	\$	104,287,013
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,227,030	\$	3,616,540	\$	875,486	\$	6,719,056
Accrued salaries and related items		9,285,590		-		70,240		9,355,830
Accrued retirement		3,626,293		-		7,936		3,634,229
Due to other funds		4,082,399		-		86,612		4,169,011
Unearned revenue		1,026,943		_		90,032		1,116,975
TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,248,255		3,616,540		1,130,306		24,995,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		_			·			
Unavailable revenue		100,000		-		-		100,000
			_				_	

		General fund		016 Capital rojects fund	Total nonmajor funds	go	Total overnmental funds
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$	138,006	\$	-	\$ 35,317	\$	173,323
Prepaids		1,383,432		-	500		1,383,932
Restricted:							
Debt service		-		-	1,051,066		1,051,066
Capital projects		-		59,092,384	133,570		59,225,954
Food service		-		-	808,429		808,429
Assigned:							
Subsequent year expenditures		2,579,000		-	-		2,579,000
Capital projects		=		-	4,013,110		4,013,110
Unassigned: General fund		9,957,098					9,957,098
				50,002,204	 		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		14,057,536		59,092,384	 6,041,992		79,191,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	34,405,791	\$	62,708,924	\$ 7,172,298	\$	104,287,013
Total governmental fund balances						\$	79,191,912
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net p Deferred charge on refunding, net of amortization Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions	oositio	n are different b	ecause	:			576,776 28,848,341 (17,356,260)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not							, , , ,
financial resources and are not reported in the funds:							
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation					\$ 182,590,220 (99,392,412)		02 107 000
The state of the Polymont of the state of th	1	. 4	1				83,197,808
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and	ı are n	ot reported in th	e runas	S:			(91,682,842)
Bonds payable							
Notes payable			_				(280,059)
Compensated absences, termination benefits, and self-insured work Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds							(2,943,466) (641,925)
Unavailable revenue - at June 30th expected to be collected after Sept			aiu				100,000
Net pension liability	embei	181					(206,552,440)
· ·						Φ.	
Net position of governmental activities						<u>\$</u>	(127,542,155)

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General fund	2016 Capital Projects fund	Total nonmajor funds	Total governmental funds
REVENUES:				
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 21,443,794	\$ -	\$ 10,652,180	\$ 32,095,974
Investment earnings	70,190	260,786	37,817	368,793
Food sales	-	-	177,267	177,267
Other	2,080,699		45,166	2,125,865
Total local sources	23,594,683	260,786	10,912,430	34,767,899
State sources	87,410,399	-	355,991	87,766,390
Federal sources	18,233,267	-	7,425,801	25,659,068
Incoming transfers	16,244,931			16,244,931
Total revenues	145,483,280	260,786	18,694,222	164,438,288
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction	78,452,847	-	-	78,452,847
Supporting services	65,790,642	-	-	65,790,642
Food service activities	-	-	7,459,217	7,459,217
Community service activities	1,012,577	-	-	1,012,577
Capital outlay	-	5,905,150	1,823,240	7,728,390

	$\mathbf{G}$	eneral fund		016 Capital rojects fund	Tot	tal nonmajor funds	go	Total overnmental funds
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> (Concluded):								
Debt service:								
Principal payments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,875,000	\$	11,875,000
Interest		-		-		3,752,795		3,752,795
Other						700		700
Total expenditures		145,256,066		5,905,150		24,910,952		176,072,168
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		227,214		(5,644,364)		(6,216,730)		(11,633,880)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of capital assets		34,600				19,320		53,920
Transfers in		636,433		_		734,554		1,370,987
Transfers out		(734,557)		-		(636,433)		(1,370,990)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(63,524)		-		117,441		53,917
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		163,690	'	(5,644,364)		(6,099,289)		(11,579,963)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		13,893,846		64,736,748		12,141,281		90,771,875
End of year	\$	14,057,536	\$	59,092,384	\$	6,041,992	\$	79,191,912

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:  Depreciation expense Capital outlay Unrecovered cost on asset disposal Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid: Accrued interest payable, end of the year The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase Payments on debt Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premium Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement	Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ (11,579,963)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:  Depreciation expense (4,215,103) 7,215,194 (245,120)  Capital outlay (7,215,194) (245,120)  Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid:  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year (641,925)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on installment purchase as the edifferences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on debt and related on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year (151,319) Unavailable revenue, end of the year (151,319) Unavailable revenue, end of the year (2,943,466)  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year (2,943,466)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items (2,943,466)  Pension related items, beginning of yea		
Depreciation expense Capital outlay Unrecovered cost on asset disposal  Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid: Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year Accrued interest payable, end of the year (641,925)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase Payments on debt Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premium 10,14,336  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available: Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year Compensated absences and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items Pension related items Pension related tiems Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, beginning of y	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, in the statement of activities	
Capital outlay Unrecovered cost on asset disposal  Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid:  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year  Accrued interest payable, end of the year  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on debt  Amortization of beferred charge on refunding  Amortization of bond premium  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year  Unavailable revenue, end of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Pension related items  Pension related items, beginning of year  Pension related items, beginning of year  Some expenses reported in th		(4,215,103)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid:  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year (641,925)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds seport the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on of deferred charge on refunding  Amortization of deferred charge on refunding  Amortization of bond premium  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Pension related items  Pension related items, beginning of year  Pension related items, beginning of year  Sources and the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to		
Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year (641,925)  Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year (641,925)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase 275,109  Payments on debt 311,875,000  Amortization of deferred charge on refunding 3107,495  Amortization of bond premium 3107,495  Amortization of bond premium 3107,495  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year 3100,000  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year 3,416,088  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year 3,416,088  Accrued compensated items and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items 3,351,209  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year 5,643,910  Pension related items, end of year 6,630,0825	Unrecovered cost on asset disposal	(245,120)
Accrued interest payable, end of the year (641,925)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase 275,109  Payments on debt 11,875,000  Amortization of deferred charge on refunding 1,014,336  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year (151,319)  Unavailable revenue, end of the year (151,319)  Unavailable revenue, end of the year (151,319)  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year (2,943,466)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items 2,3351,209  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year 5,643,910  Pension related items, end of year (6,330,825)	recorded in governmental funds when it is paid:	257.500
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:  Payments on installment purchase  Payments on debt  Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premium  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year  Unavailable revenue, end of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Pension related items  3,351,209  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  5,643,910 Pension related items, end of year  (6,300,825)		
Payments on installment purchase Payments on debt 11,875,000 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premium 1,014,336 Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available: Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year (151,319) Unavailable revenue, end of the year Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year (2,943,466) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period: Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year  5,643,910 Pension related items, end of year	The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of	(0+1,723)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premium  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period: Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year  5,643,910 (6,300,825)	Payments on installment purchase	
Amortization of bond premium  Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Volume and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year (2,943,466)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items 3,351,209  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period: Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year  5,643,910 (6,300,825)		
Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available:  Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year (151,319) Unavailable revenue, end of the year Unavailable revenue, end of the year Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year (2,943,466)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Pension related items 3,351,209  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period: Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year  5,643,910 Pension related items, end of year	Amortization of deferred charge on refunding  Amortization of bond premium	
Unavailable revenue, end of the year  Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  Some expenses reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Some expenses reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, and statement of the year  3,416,088  3,416,088  3,351,209	Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered	1,014,330
Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  Pension related items, end of year  5,643,910  (6,300,825)		
recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, end of the year  (2,943,466)  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  Pension related items, end of year  (6,300,825)	·	100,000
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:  Pension related items  Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year  Pension related items, end of year  (6,300,825)	recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences and other termination benefits, beginning of the year	
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year (6,300,825)	current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the	
deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:  Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year  (6,300,825)	Pension related items	3,351,209
Pension related items, end of year (6,300,825)	deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period:	
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 6,963,220		
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,963,220

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Private purpose trust fund	Agency fund		
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,396,382	\$ 1,190,506		
Accounts receivable	1,790	13,499		
TOTAL ASSETS	1,398,172	1,204,005		
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	5,000	655,802		
Accrued expenses	-	1,286		
Due to student groups	<u> </u>	546,917		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,000	1,204,005		
NET POSITION:				
Restricted for trust activities	\$ 1,393,172	\$ -		

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Private purpose trust fund
ADDITIONS:	
Donations	\$ 89,868
Interest earnings	17,516
Other	6,143
Total additions	113,527
DEDUCTIONS:	
Scholarships awarded	71,732
Other	98,094
Total deductions	169,826
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(56,299)
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year	1,449,471
End of year	\$ 1,393,172

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### B. Reporting Entity

The Lansing School District (the "District") is governed by the Lansing School District Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

#### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **D.** Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The 2016 capital projects fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1994. For these capital projects, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code.

The following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures for the 2016 capital projects bond activity since inception through the current fiscal year:

	2016 Bond
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 65,585,832
Expenditures and transfers	\$ 6,493,448

The above revenue amount includes net bond proceeds of \$65,323,618.

#### **Other Nonmajor Funds**

The *special revenue fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service activities in the special revenue fund.

The *debt service funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *capital projects funds* account for the receipt of non-debt proceeds and transfers from the general fund for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The capital projects sinking fund accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District has complied with the applicable provisions of section 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 01-95.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (Concluded)

**Fiduciary funds** account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The *private purpose trust funds* account for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent. These funds are used for scholarships and other programs. These funds are not included in the District financial statements.

The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a state-wide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the Foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the Foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

#### F. Budgetary Information

Budgetary basis of accounting:

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. The capital projects fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Budgetary Information (Concluded)

- 4. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year-end June 30, 2017. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

#### G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices, or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. Standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the District intends to hold the investment until maturity.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The District is also authorized to invest in U.S. District or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

#### 3. Inventories and prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 3. Inventories and prepaids (Concluded)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. During 2016, the District entered into an installment agreement for the purpose of financing the acquisition of a premium 6-year package of textbooks for the District. The total purchase price was \$1,206,000 and the amount financed was \$1,105,386.

#### 4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case by case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and additions	50
Furniture and other equipment	5 - 20
Land improvements	20
Transportation equipment	8

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 5. Defined benefit plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

#### Deferred outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding and pension related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (concluded)

#### Deferred inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from receipts that are received after 60 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item is the future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary. The third is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period.

#### 7. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

#### 8. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 9. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Concluded)

#### 9. Fund balance policies (Concluded)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The District strives to maintain a secure financial position whereby the fund balance in the general fund does not fall below 10% of the preceding year's expenditures. At June 30, 2017, the District's general fund balance was less than 10% of the preceding year's expenditures.

#### H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 2. Property taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

#### H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Concluded)

#### 2. Property taxes (Concluded)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund Fund	Mills
General fund:	
Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	17.9208
Commercial Personal Property	5.9208
Debt service fund:	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	4.6500

#### 3. Compensated absences

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary and related benefits, where applicable.

#### 4. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2017, the District had the following investments:

Investment type	Fair value	Weighted average maturity (years)	Standard & Poor's rating	<u>%</u>
MILAF + Cash Mgmt Class	\$ 9,079,812	0.0027	AAAm	13.73%
MILAF + Max Class	1,576,518	0.0027	AAAm	2.38%
MILAF Term	6,635,000	0.0767	AAAm	10.03%
Federal Agency Notes	9,133,940	0.1970	Aaa	13.81%
U.S. Treasury Notes	30,066,804	1.5295	AA+	45.45%
Commercial Paper	9,656,771	0.0575	A-1	14.60%
Total fair value	\$ 66,148,845			100.00%
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.7389		

1 day maturity equals. 0.0027, one year equals 1.00

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. Two of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund Cash Mgmt Class and Max Class (MILAF). These are external pooled investment funds of "qualified" investments for Michigan school districts. MILAF is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. MILAF reports as of June 30, 2017, the fair value of the District's investments is the same as the value of the pool shares.

MILAF Cash Mgmt Class and Max Class funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

**Interest rate risk.** In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

**Credit risk.** State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The District does not allow direct investment in commercial paper or corporate bonds.

**Concentration of credit risk.** The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Custodial credit risk - deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2017, \$16,047,439 of the District's bank balance of \$16,301,439 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying amount of all deposits is \$14,959,288.

**Custodial credit risk - investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

**Foreign currency risk.** The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

**Fair value measurement.** The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District's U.S. Treasury Notes are valued at Level 1. The MILAF Term investments, District's Federal Agency Notes, and Commercial Paper are valued at Level 2.

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount is as follows:

Deposits - including fiduciary funds of \$1,194,506	\$ 14,959,288
Investments - including fiduciary funds of \$1,392,382	 66,148,845
	\$ 81,108,133
The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Cash - private purpose trust fund	\$ 1,396,382
Cash - agency fund	1,190,506
Cash and cash equivalents - 2016 capital projects	7,036,642
Cash and cash equivalents - District-wide	15,992,088

55,492,515 \$ 81,108,133

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

Restricted investments - 2016 capital projects

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	Go	Governmental	
		funds	
Other governmental units:			
State aid	\$	14,933,986	
Federal		3,646,220	
Other		632,275	
	\$	19,212,481	

Amounts due from other governmental units include amounts due from federal, state and local sources for various projects and programs.

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Reclassifications/ deletions	Balance June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	suly 1, 2010	raditions	deterions	- Valle 30, 2017	
Land	\$ 3,828,391	\$ -	\$ 165,500	\$ 3,662,891	
Construction in progress		5,955,525		5,955,525	
Subtotal	3,828,391	5,955,525	165,500	9,618,416	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land improvements	19,737,267	312,199	103,108	19,946,358	
Buildings and additions	136,869,266	527,798	573,660	136,823,404	
Machinery and equipment	14,789,312	381,814	49,706	15,121,420	
Transportation equipment	1,452,919	37,858	410,155	1,080,622	
Subtotal	172,848,764	1,259,669	1,136,629	172,971,804	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	12,660,135	662,738	103,108	13,219,765	
Buildings and additions	70,661,113	2,788,510	510,180	72,939,443	
Machinery and equipment	12,087,600	682,450	33,566	12,736,484	
Transportation equipment	825,470	81,405	410,155	496,720	
Subtotal	96,234,318	4,215,103	1,057,009	99,392,412	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	76,614,446	(2,955,434)	79,620	73,579,392	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 80,442,837	\$ 3,000,091	\$ 245,120	\$ 83,197,808	

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$4,215,103.

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,173,103
Support service	1,045,768
Food service	43,164
Unallocated	 953,068
	\$ 4,215,103

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The following is a summary of governmental long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Compensated

absences and

Self-insured workers'

	com	plan	te	ermination benefits	No	te payable	Bonds	Total
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$	52,442	\$	3,363,646	\$	555,168	\$104,572,178	\$ 108,543,434
Additions		4,786		-		-	-	4,786
Deletions		-		477,408		275,109	12,889,336	 13,641,853
Balance, June 30, 2017		57,228		2,886,238		280,059	91,682,842	94,906,367
Due within one year		-		1,073,498		-	6,965,000	 8,038,498
Due in more than one year	\$	57,228	\$	1,812,740	\$	280,059	\$ 84,717,842	\$ 86,867,869
2016 general obligation \$4,585,000 through May 2016 general obligation \$3,525,000 through May	refur 1, 20 bond 1 204 refund 1, 20	nding bond 23, with an 1 issuance 41, with an ding bonds 22, with an						\$ 6,920,000 52,625,000 19,560,000 12,577,842
Total general obli	gatio	n debt						91,682,842
Note payable - textbooks - due in annual installments of \$280,059 through July 15, 2018, with an interest rate of 0.00%						280,059		
Accrued retirement benef				•				
Obligation for compensa					nefi	ts		2,886,238
Obligation for workers'	comp	ensation cl	aıms	8				 57,228
Total debt								\$ 94,906,367

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Concluded)

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account, assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2017, \$15,280,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

At June 30, 2017, \$1,051,066 is available to service the general obligation debt. The annual requirements to amortize bonded debt and notes payable outstanding as of June 30, 2017, including interest payments of \$42,340,650 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Amounts payable
2018	\$ 6,965,000	\$ 3,851,550	\$ 10,816,550
2019	7,635,059	3,532,300	11,167,359
2020	5,085,000	3,166,800	8,251,800
2021	5,275,000	2,915,550	8,190,550
2022	5,040,000	2,654,800	7,694,800
2023 - 2027	12,035,000	10,760,900	22,795,900
2028 - 2032	10,550,000	8,332,500	18,882,500
2033 - 2037	13,450,000	5,423,750	18,873,750
2038 - 2041	13,350,000	1,702,500	15,052,500
	79,385,059	42,340,650	121,725,709
Premium on bond issuance	12,577,842	-	12,577,842
Compensated absences and			
termination benefits	2,886,238	-	2,886,238
Workers' compensation claims	57,228		57,228
	\$ 94,906,367	\$ 42,340,650	\$ 137,247,017

Amounta

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund payable and receivable balances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Receivable fur	nd		Payable fu	ınd
Debt service funds	\$	2,554	General fund	\$ 4,082,399
2016 Capital projects fund		179,767	Debt service funds	1,659
Capital projects funds		3,986,690	Special revenue fund	84,953
	\$	4,169,011		\$ 4,169,011

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All amounts are expected to be repaid within the year.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description**

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at <a href="www.//michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr">www.//michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr</a>.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian of the system.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the pension plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan name</u>	<u>Plan type</u>	<u>Plan status</u>
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

#### Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

#### **Pension Reform 2012**

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013. Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund. Members who elected under Option 1 to increase their level of contribution contribute 4% (Basic Plan) or 7% (MIP).

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60<sup>th</sup> birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Total credited service as of the Transition Date times 1.5% of final average compensation.

#### **Pension Plus**

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

Option 1 - Credited Service after the Transition Date times 1.5% times FAC.

Option 2 - Credited Service after the Transition Date (until total service reaches 30 years) times 1.5% times FAC, PLUS Credited Service after the Transition Date and over 30 years times 1.25% times FAC.

Option 3 - Credited Service after the Transition Date times 1.25% times FAC.

Option 4 - None (member will receive benefit through a Defined Contribution plan). As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to a tax - deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date.

#### **Member Contributions**

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7%. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period for fiscal 2016.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

October 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016	14.56% - 18.95%
October 1, 2016 - September 30, 2017	15.27% - 19.03%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$19,046,000, with \$18,775,000 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan. These amounts include contributions funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate. (72.88% for pension and 27.12% for OPEB).

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

#### Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$206,552,440 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2015 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2016 and 2015, the District's proportion was 0.82789 and .084886 percent.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)</u>

#### Pension Liabilities (Concluded)

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university employers:	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
Total Pension Liability	\$ 67,917,445,078	\$ 66,312,041,902
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 42,968,263,308	\$ 41,887,015,147
Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,949,181,770	\$ 24,425,026,755
Proportionate share	0.82789%	0.84886%
Net Pension liability for the District	\$ 206,552,440	\$ 207,334,790

### <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of approximately \$15,424,000.

At June 30, 2017, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Changes of assumptions	\$ 3,229,286	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	3,432,900	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,574,189	489,534
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,782,185	10,565,901
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	17,829,781	
	\$ 28,848,341	\$ 11,055,435
		•

\$17,829,781, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	Amount
2017	\$ (1,276,930)
2018	(1,546,422)
2019	2,611,256
2020	175,221

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

**Investment rate of return -** 8.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Non-Hybrid groups and 7.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Hybrid group (Pension Plus Plan).

**Salary increases -** The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 3.5%.

Inflation - 2.5%.

**Mortality assumptions -** RP2000 Combined Healthy Life Mortality table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB for men and women were used.

**Experience study** - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2015. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments - The rate was 8% (7% Pension Plus Plan) net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)**

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2016 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	expected real
Investment category	allocation	rate of return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.00%	5.90%
Alternate Investment Pools	18.00%	9.20%
International Equity	16.00%	7.20%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	0.90%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	4.30%
Absolute Return Pools	15.50%	6.00%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Long term rate of return does not include 2.1% inflation.

**Discount rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was **8%** (**7%** for Pension Plus Plan). The discount rate did not change from the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8% (7% for Pension Plus Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
	(6.0 - 7.0%)	(7.0 - 8.0%)	(8.0 - 9.0%)
Reporting Unit's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ 265,987,551	\$ 206,552,440	\$ 156,442,926

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

**Payable to the Pension Plan -** At year end the School District is current on all required pension plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and the contributions due funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate.

#### **Other Information**

#### Discount Rate - Assumed Rate of Return

On February 23, 2017, in accordance with PA 300 of 1980, as amended, the Michigan Public Schools Employees' Retirement System's Board approved a decrease in the assumed investment rate of return (discount rate) used in the System's annual actuarial valuation for the non-hybrid defined benefit pension plan from 8% to 7.5% effective for the fiscal year 2016 valuation and following.

The September 30, 2016 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report will be used to establish the employer contribution for fiscal year beginning October 1, 2018 and will be based upon the 7.5% investment rate of return assumption. The actuarial computed employer contributions and the net pension liability will increase as a result of lowering the assumed investment rate of return.

#### Pension Reform 2017

Senate Bill 401 amends the Public School Employees Retirement Act (PA 300 of 1980, as amended).

The bill closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan with similar plan benefit calculations but contains a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan would equal 6%. Further, the bill provides, under certain conditions, that the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The bill includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### **Benefit Provisions - Other Post-employment**

#### Introduction

Benefit provisions of the post-employment healthcare plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, hearing, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Post Employment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Public Act 75 of 2010 requires each actively employed member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 to annually contribute 3% of their compensation to offset employer contributions for health care benefits of current retirees.

#### Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN AND POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Concluded)

#### **Employer Contributions**

The employer contribution rate ranged from 5.52% to 6.45% of covered payroll for the period October 1, 2013 to March 9, 2015, 2.2% to 2.71% of covered payroll for the period from March 10, 2015 to September 30, 2015, and from 6.4% to 6.83% of covered payroll for the period from October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2016 5.69% to 5.01% of covered payroll for the period from October 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017 dependent upon the employee's date of hire and plan election.

The District postemployment healthcare contributions to MPSERS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were approximately \$6,456,000, \$7,025,000 and \$8,442,000.

#### **NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES**

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

#### **NOTE 9 - TRANSFERS**

The general fund transferred \$734,554 to the capital projects funds, \$369,878 was transferred from the food service fund to the general fund, and \$266,555 was transferred from the QZAB debt service fund to the general fund.

The general fund transfer to the capital projects funds was for future capital acquisitions. The transfer from the food service fund to the general fund was to reimburse indirect cost. The transfer from the QZAB debt service fund was a result of the closeout of the fund.

#### **NOTE 10 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

Effective for the year ended June 30, 2017 the District is required to disclose significant tax abatements as required by GASB statement 77 (tax abatements).

#### **NOTE 10 - TAX ABATEMENTS (Concluded)**

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality		Ta	xes abated
City of Lansing	9	\$	1,395,540
City of East Lansing			94,651
	9	\$	1,490,191

The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act.

There are no significant abatements made by the District.

#### NOTE 11 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, was issued by the GASB in June 2015 and will be effective for the District's 2018 fiscal year. The Statement requires governments that participate in defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plans to report in the statement of net position a net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability is the difference between the total OPEB liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside in a trust and restricted to paying benefits to current employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries. Statement No.75 requires cost-sharing employers to record a liability and expense equal to their proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability and expense for the cost-sharing plan. The Statement also will improve the comparability and consistency of how governments calculate the OPEB liabilities and expense.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, was issued by the GASB in January 2017 and will be effective for the District's 2020 year end. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus on the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Districts with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original			Variance with final
	budget	Final budget	Actual	budget
REVENUES:	- Servinger			get
Local sources	\$ 23,149,000	\$ 23,270,000	\$ 23,594,683	\$ 324,683
State sources	87,157,000	86,568,000	87,410,399	842,399
Federal sources	22,473,000	20,829,000	18,233,267	(2,595,733)
Incoming transfers	16,191,000	16,774,000	16,244,931	(529,069)
Total revenues	148,970,000	147,441,000	145,483,280	(1,957,720)
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	54,612,000	55,539,000	54,705,663	833,337
Added needs	24,082,000	23,440,000	23,286,999	153,001
Adult and continuing education	457,000	446,000	460,185	(14,185)
Total instruction	79,151,000	79,425,000	78,452,847	972,153
Supporting services:				
Pupil	14,850,000	14,684,000	14,195,690	488,310
Instructional staff	12,007,000	10,083,000	9,227,574	855,426
General administration	1,326,000	1,349,000	1,261,043	87,957
School administration	7,061,000	7,828,000	7,794,355	33,645
Business	3,532,000	3,393,000	3,284,189	108,811
Operation and maintenance	12,947,000	14,147,000	14,317,697	(170,697)
Pupil transportation	9,275,000	9,365,000	9,134,501	230,499
Central	5,531,000	5,325,000	5,091,184	233,816
Other	1,677,000	1,654,000	1,484,409	169,591
Total supporting services	68,206,000	67,828,000	65,790,642	2,037,358
Community service activities	1,100,000	1,191,000	1,012,577	178,423
Total expenditures	148,457,000	148,444,000	145,256,066	3,187,934
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	513,000	(1,003,000)	227,214	1,230,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	-	34,600	34,600
Transfers in	350,000	617,000	636,433	19,433
Transfers out	(861,000)	(817,000)	(734,557)	82,443
Total other financing sources (uses)	(511,000)	(200,000)	(63,524)	136,476
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,000	\$ (1,203,000)	163,690	\$ 1,366,690
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			13,893,846	
End of year			\$ 14,057,536	
			- 1.,007,000	

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2016	2015	2014
Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.82789%	0.84886%	0.89770%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$206,552,440	\$207,334,790	\$197,731,925
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 69,148,387	\$ 68,735,453	\$ 76,163,477
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	298.71%	301.64%	259.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers)	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR

	2017	2017 2016	
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 18,774,913	\$ 18,367,571	\$ 15,524,963
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	18,774,913	18,367,571	15,524,963
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 69,583,666	\$ 66,526,238	\$ 71,678,853
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	26.98%	27.61%	21.66%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Changes of benefit terms:** There were no changes of benefit terms in 2016.

**Changes of assumptions:** There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2016.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2017

	Special revenue fund	Debt service funds	Capital projects funds	Total nonmajor funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,140,203	\$ 843,628	\$ 1,983,831
Accounts receivable	1,648	-	-	1,648
Intergovernmental	1,161,758	-	-	1,161,758
Due from other funds	-	2,554	3,986,690	3,989,244
Inventories	35,317	-	-	35,317
Prepaids		500		500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,198,723	\$ 1,143,257	\$ 4,830,318	\$ 7,172,298
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 191,848	\$ -	\$ 683,638	\$ 875,486
Accrued salaries and related items	70,240	-	-	70,240
Accrued retirement	7,936	-	-	7,936
Due to other funds	84,953	1,659	-	86,612
Unearned revenue	-	90,032	-	90,032
TOTAL LIABILITIES	354,977	91,691	683,638	1,130,306
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	35,317	-	-	35,317
Prepaids	-	500	-	500
Restricted:				
Debt service	-	1,051,066	-	1,051,066
Capital projects	-	-	133,570	133,570
Food service	808,429	-	-	808,429
Assigned			4,013,110	4,013,110
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	843,746	1,051,566	4,146,680	6,041,992
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,198,723	\$ 1,143,257	\$ 4,830,318	\$ 7,172,298

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Investment earnings       -       34,764       3,053       37,817         Food sales       177,267       -       -       177,267         Other       45,166       -       -       -       45,166		Special revenue fund	Debt service funds	Capital projects funds	Total nonmajor funds
Property taxes       \$ -       \$ 10,641,984       \$ 10,196       \$ 10,652,180         Investment earnings       -       34,764       3,053       37,817         Food sales       177,267       -       -       -       177,267         Other       45,166       -       -       -       45,166	REVENUES:				
Investment earnings       -       34,764       3,053       37,817         Food sales       177,267       -       -       -       177,267         Other       45,166       -       -       -       45,166	Local sources:				
Food sales 177,267 177,267 Other 45,166 45,166	Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 10,641,984	\$ 10,196	\$ 10,652,180
Other 45,166 45,166	Investment earnings	-	34,764	3,053	37,817
		177,267	-	-	177,267
Total local sources 222,433 10,676,748 13,249 10,912,430	Other	45,166			45,166
	Total local sources	222,433	10,676,748	13,249	10,912,430
State sources 239,360 116,631 - 355,991	State sources	239,360	116,631	-	355,991
Federal sources 7,425,801 - 7,425,801	Federal sources	7,425,801			7,425,801
Total revenues 7,887,594 10,793,379 13,249 18,694,222	Total revenues	7,887,594	10,793,379	13,249	18,694,222
EXPENDITURES:	EXPENDITURES:				
Current:	Current:				
Food service activities 7,459,217 - 7,459,217	Food service activities	7,459,217	-	-	7,459,217
Capital outlay - 1,823,240 1,823,240	Capital outlay	-	-	1,823,240	1,823,240
Debt service:	Debt service:				
1 1 •	± ± •	-		-	11,875,000
		-		-	3,752,795
Other <u>- 700</u> <u>- 700</u>	Other		700		700
Total expenditures 7,459,217 15,628,495 1,823,240 24,910,952	Total expenditures	7,459,217	15,628,495	1,823,240	24,910,952
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         428,377         (4,835,116)         (1,809,991)         (6,216,730)	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	428,377	(4,835,116)	(1,809,991)	(6,216,730)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets - 19,320 19,320	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	19,320	19,320
Transfers in - 734,554 734,554	Transfers in	-	-	734,554	734,554
Transfers out (369,878) (266,555) - (636,433	Transfers out	(369,878)	(266,555)		(636,433)
Total other financing sources (uses) (369,878) (266,555) 753,874 117,441	Total other financing sources (uses)	(369,878)	(266,555)	753,874	117,441
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b> 58,499 (5,101,671) (1,056,117) (6,099,289	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	58,499	(5,101,671)	(1,056,117)	(6,099,289)
FUND BALANCES:	FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year 785,247 6,153,237 5,202,797 12,141,281	Beginning of year	785,247	6,153,237	5,202,797	12,141,281
End of year \$ 843,746 \$ 1,051,566 \$ 4,146,680 \$ 6,041,992	End of year	\$ 843,746	\$ 1,051,566	\$ 4,146,680	\$ 6,041,992

#### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

		2016 Debt	Re	2016 efunding	R	2012 efunding		Totals
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	489,958	\$	29,780	\$	620,465	\$	1,140,203
Due from other funds	Ψ	2,067	Ψ	27,700	Ψ	487	Ψ	2,554
Prepaids		500				-		500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	492,525	\$	29,780	\$	620,952	\$	1,143,257
LIABILITIES:								
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	1,659	\$	-	\$	1,659
Unearned revenue		48,217		2,701		39,114		90,032
TOTAL LIABILITIES		48,217		4,360		39,114		91,691
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		500		-		-		500
Restricted for debt service		443,808		25,420		581,838	_	1,051,066
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		444,308		25,420		581,838		1,051,566
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	492,525	\$	29,780	\$	620,952	\$	1,143,257

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	QZAB	2016 Debt	2016 Refunding	2012 Refunding	Totals
REVENUES:	<u>QZ/ID</u>	Dest	Terunung	Retuilding	Totals
Local sources:					
Current property taxes	\$ -	\$ 5,691,325	\$ 318,881	\$ 4,631,778	\$ 10,641,984
Interest on investments	6,832	11,982	2,090	13,860	34,764
State sources			=	116,631	116,631
Total revenues	6,832	5,703,307	320,971	4,762,269	10,793,379
EXPENDITURES:					
Principal payments	5,000,000	3,000,000	-	3,875,000	11,875,000
Interest	-	2,258,499	322,546	1,171,750	3,752,795
Other	-	500	-	200	700
Total expenditures	5,000,000	5,258,999	322,546	5,046,950	15,628,495
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,993,168)	444,308	(1,575)	(284,681)	(4,835,116)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	(266,555)				(266,555)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,259,723)	444,308	(1,575)	(284,681)	(5,101,671)
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	5,259,723		26,995	866,519	6,153,237
End of year	\$ -	\$ 444,308	\$ 25,420	\$ 581,838	\$ 1,051,566

#### LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	Capital projects	Sin	king fund	ΓS capital project	Rej	placement fund	Sale of assets fund	Totals
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 229,835	\$	613,793	\$ -	\$ 843,628
Due from other funds	 180,905		133,570	 180			3,672,035	3,986,690
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 180,905	\$	133,570	\$ 230,015	\$	613,793	\$ 3,672,035	\$ 4,830,318
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$ 3,419	\$	-	\$ 	\$	262	\$ 679,957	\$ 683,638
FUND BALANCES:								
Restricted for capital projects	-		133,570	-		-	-	133,570
Assigned for capital projects	177,486		-	230,015		613,531	2,992,078	4,013,110
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 177,486		133,570	 230,015		613,531	2,992,078	4,146,680
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 180,905	\$	133,570	\$ 230,015	\$	613,793	\$3,672,035	\$ 4,830,318

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Capital projects	Sinking fund	BTS capital project	Replacement fund	Sale of assets fund	Totals
REVENUES: Interest on investments Current property taxes	\$ - -	\$ - 10,196	\$ 2,184	\$ 869	\$ - -	\$ 3,053 10,196
Total revenues		10,196	2,184	869		13,249
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	274,639	670,304		194,860	683,437	1,823,240
Total expenditures	274,639	670,304		194,860	683,437	1,823,240
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(274,639)	(660,108)	2,184	(193,991)	(683,437)	(1,809,991)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Total other financing sources	300,000	- -	<u>-</u>	434,554	19,320	19,320 734,554 753,874
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	(660 100)	2 194			
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year	25,361 152,125	(660,108) 793,678	2,184	240,563 372,968	(664,117) 3,656,195	(1,056,117)
End of year	\$ 177,486	\$ 133,570	\$ 230,015	\$ 613,531	\$ 2,992,078	\$ 4,146,680

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND NET POSITION - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		alance v 1, 2016	evenues and ransfers	_	enditures and cansfers	Balance ne 30, 2017
<b>Donations:</b>						
Library revolving funds	\$	100,761	\$ 1,978	\$	-	\$ 102,739
Memorial fund donations		77,899	1,529		-	79,428
Special education donations		1,439	28		-	1,467
Geraldine M. Curtis Trust		286,725	5,279		17,777	274,227
RIF		66,440	50,207		62,293	54,354
Stapleton Reading Material Fund		21,003	412		-	21,415
College tour		365	8		-	373
		554,632	59,441		80,070	534,003
Scholarships:						
Harold Norton Award		288	6		_	294
Carl McLean Award		12,625	248		500	12,373
Grabow Scholarship		244	5		-	249
Windfuhr Scholarship		8,585	40		-	8,625
Putnam Scholarship		35,399	17,342		9,000	43,741
Hinman Award		64,149	440		41,732	22,857
Winslow Memorial Fund		5,528	12,157		4,797	12,888
Lett's Scholarship		6,947	136		-	7,083
Elsie A. Maile Award		1,453	10,029		10,000	1,482
Hebbard Trust		677,334	3,926			681,260
		812,552	44,329		66,029	790,852
Other:						
Spink - Cable		10,454	205		-	10,659
Administration Pepsi Fund		2,310	1,347		3,657	-
Physical Plant Pop Fund		6,337	179		711	5,805
Miscellaneous funds		63,186	8,025		19,358	51,853
		82,287	9,756		23,726	68,317
	\$ 1	,449,471	\$ 113,526	\$	169,825	\$ 1,393,172

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND LIABILITIES BY SCHOOL - AGENCY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 201	
Eastern High School	\$	135,744	\$	66,062	\$	73,154	\$	128,652
Hill Vocational School		19,669		29,337		30,231		18,775
Sexton High School		71,283		38,436		39,490		70,229
Everett High School		79,803		100,803		109,467		71,139
Pattengill Middle School		4,935		13,519		13,392		5,062
Gardner Middle School		44,015		19,425		21,592		41,848
Elementary schools and other		197,870		294,475		281,133		211,212
	\$	553,319	\$	562,057	\$	568,459	\$	546,917

#### 2016 Refunding Bonds

		Principal	Intere	Total	
Fiscal year	Interest rate	due May 1	May 1	November 1	due annually
2018		\$ -	\$ 135,650	\$ 135,650	\$ 271,300
2019	2.000%	75,000	135,650	135,650	346,300
2020	2.000%	100,000	134,900	134,900	369,800
2021	2.000%	100,000	133,900	133,900	367,800
2022	4.000%	2,060,000	132,900	132,900	2,325,800
2023	4.000%	4,585,000	91,700	91,700	4,768,400
Total 2016 bo	onded debt	\$ 6,920,000	\$ 764,700	\$ 764,700	\$ 8,449,400

The above bonds dated February 23, 2016 were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the District's 2006 Refunding Bonds.

2016 Issuance Bonds

	Principal		Intere	Total	
Fiscal	Interest	due		_	due
year	rate	May 1	May 1	November 1	annually
2018	4.000%	\$ 2,900,000	\$ 1,301,125	\$ 1,301,125	\$ 5,502,250
2019	5.000%	3,075,000	1,243,125	1,243,125	5,561,250
2020	5.000%	600,000	1,166,250	1,166,250	2,932,500
2021	5.000%	600,000	1,151,250	1,151,250	2,902,500
2022	5.000%	650,000	1,136,250	1,136,250	2,922,500
2023	5.000%	675,000	1,120,000	1,120,000	2,915,000
2024	5.000%	1,575,000	1,103,125	1,103,125	3,781,250
2025	5.000%	1,650,000	1,063,750	1,063,750	3,777,500
2026	5.000%	1,725,000	1,022,500	1,022,500	3,770,000
2027	5.000%	1,825,000	979,375	979,375	3,783,750
2028	5.000%	1,925,000	933,750	933,750	3,792,500
2029	5.000%	2,000,000	885,625	885,625	3,771,250
2030	5.000%	2,100,000	835,625	835,625	3,771,250
2031	5.000%	2,200,000	783,125	783,125	3,766,250
2032	5.000%	2,325,000	728,125	728,125	3,781,250
2033	5.000%	2,425,000	670,000	670,000	3,765,000
2034	5.000%	2,550,000	609,375	609,375	3,768,750
2035	5.000%	2,675,000	545,625	545,625	3,766,250
2036	5.000%	2,825,000	478,750	478,750	3,782,500
2037	5.000%	2,975,000	408,125	408,125	3,791,250
2038	5.000%	3,125,000	333,750	333,750	3,792,500
2039	5.000%	3,275,000	255,625	255,625	3,786,250
2040	5.000%	3,425,000	173,750	173,750	3,772,500
2041	5.000%	3,525,000	88,125	88,125	3,701,250
Total 2016 b	oonded debt	\$ 52,625,000	\$ 19,016,125	\$19,016,125	\$ 90,657,250

The above bonds dated June 29, 2016 were issued for the purpose of remodeling, furnishing and refurnishing and re-equipping school buildings, including security improvements and equipment; erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for school buildings; erecting, developing, improving, furnishing and equipping athletic facilities and fields; and developing and improving playgrounds, play fields, driveways, parking areas and sites; and paying the costs of issuing the Bonds.

2012 Refunding Bonds

		Principal	Interest due			Total	
Fiscal	Interest	due		M 1	ŊŢ	1	due
year	rate	May 1		May 1	N	ovember 1	 annually
2018	5.000%	\$ 4,065,000	\$	489,000	\$	489,000	\$ 5,043,000
2019	5.000%	4,205,000		387,375		387,375	4,979,750
2020	5.000%	4,385,000		282,250		282,250	4,949,500
2021	5.000%	4,575,000		172,625		172,625	4,920,250
2022	5.000%	2,330,000		58,250		58,250	 2,446,500
Total 2012 box	nded debt	\$ 19,560,000	\$	1,389,500	\$	1,389,500	\$ 22,339,000

The above bonds dated June 20, 2012 were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the District's 2004 School Building and Site and Refunding Bonds.

#### 2016 Installment Purchase of Textbooks

		Principal
Fiscal	Interest	due
year	rate	July 15
2019	0.00%	\$ 280,059

The above installment purchase debt dated November 10, 2015 was issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition of a premium 6-year package of textbooks for the District. The total purchase price was \$1,206,000, and the amount financed was \$1,105,386.

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INTEREST BEARING ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2017

	Maturity date	Interest rate	Amount	
Money market fund:		0.000/	¢ 1.576.510	
MILAF MAX Class MILAF (PFM) Cash	various N/A	0.99% 0.81%	\$ 1,576,518 9,079,812	
Total interest bearing deposits			\$ 10,656,330	

Prior year expenditures

				expenditures				
Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program title	CFDA Number	Pass-through number	Approved award	(memorandum only)	Accrued 7/1/2016	Current year expenditures	Current year receipts	Accrued 6/30/2017
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				,				
Passed through Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:								
Non-Cash Assistance (donated foods):								
National School Lunch Program - Entitlement	10.555		\$ 487,938	\$ 307,417	\$ -	\$ 487,938	\$ 487,938	\$ -
Total non-cash assistance			487,938	307,417	-	487,938	487,938	
Cash Assistance:								
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	161980	15,225	15,225	106	-	106	-
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	161960	4,379,585	4,379,585	158,184	-	158,184	-
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	171980	15,396	-	-	15,396	14,091	1,305
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	171960	4,320,265			4,320,265	3,651,569	668,696
			8,730,471	4,394,810	158,290	4,335,661	3,823,950	670,001
Total national school lunch program (including non-cash assistance)			9,218,409	4,702,227	158,290	4,823,599	4,311,888	670,001
Summer Food Service	10.559	160900/161900	218,868	61,589	61,589	157,279	218,868	-
Summer Food Service	10.559	170900/171900	61,589			64,495		64,495
			280,457	61,589	61,589	221,774	218,868	64,495
School Breakfast Program	10.553	161970	2,112,752	2,112,752	91,865	=	91,865	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	171970	2,169,937			2,169,937	1,802,578	367,359
			4,282,689	2,112,752	91,865	2,169,937	1,894,443	367,359
Total cash assistance			13,293,617	6,569,151	311,744	6,727,372	5,937,261	1,101,855
Total child nutrition cluster			13,781,555	6,876,568	311,744	7,215,310	6,425,199	1,101,855
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	161920	152,031	152,031	4,350	-	4,350	-
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	171920	119,271	-	-	119,271	102,839	16,432
			271,302	152,031	4,350	119,271	107,189	16,432
Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program	10.582	160950	69,965	65,179	4,786	-	4,786	-
Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program	10.582	170950	87,650			86,580	83,892	2,688
-			157,615	65,179	4,786	86,580	88,678	2,688

Prior year expenditures

				expenditures				
	CFDA	Pass-through	Approved	(memorandum	Accrued	Current year	Current year	Accrued
Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program title	Number	number	award	only)	7/1/2016	expenditures	receipts	6/30/2017
U.S. Department of Agriculture (Concluded):								
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	151991/EAG2015	\$ 4,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,640	\$ 4,640	\$ -
Passed through Eaton ISD: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition								
Assistance Program	10.561		3,240			1,997	1,997	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			14,218,352	7,093,778	320,880	7,427,798	6,627,703	1,120,975
U.S. Department of Education:								
Direct programs:								
Indian Education - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060A	S060A140962	25,501	22,298	1,050	-	1,050	-
Indian Education - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060A	S060A160962	23,525			21,555	21,486	69
			49,026	22,298	1,050	21,555	22,536	69
Magnet Schools Assistance	84.165A	U165A130051	2,626,344	482,508	(42)	-	(42)	-
Magnet Schools Assistance	84.165A	U165A130051	2,679,425	2,495,280	347,478	184,144	531,622	-
Magnet Schools Assistance	84.165A	U165A130051	696,843	-	-	495,948	449,156	46,792
Magnet Schools Assistance	84.165A	U165A130051	781,092	582,544	52,790	198,590	251,380	
			6,783,704	3,560,332	400,226	878,682	1,232,116	46,792
School Safety National Activities	84.184M	S184M140063	62,500	-	-	39,154	34,877	4,277
School Safety National Activities	84.184M	S184M140063	756,661	-	-	531,536	458,277	73,259
School Safety National Activities	84.184M	S184M140063	233,329	-	-	140,585	95,444	45,141
School Safety National Activities	84.184M	S184M140063	623,036	503,069	115,173	119,967	235,140	-
School Safety National Activities	84.184M	S184M140063	162,596	130,756	12,730	31,840	44,570	
			1,838,122	633,825	127,903	863,082	868,308	122,677
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215F	S215F140117	100,916	-	-	66,591	40,579	26,012
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215F	S215F140117	409,978	31,486	17,445	286,364	303,366	443
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215F	S215F140117	613,202	103,568	30,707	351,310	382,059	(42)
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215F	S215F140117	430,981	362,132	(37)	-	(37)	-
			1,555,077	497,186	48,115	704,265	725,967	26,413

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Prior year

				expenditures				
	CFDA	Pass-through	Approved	(memorandum	Accrued	Current year	Current year	Accrued
Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program title	Number	number	award	only)	7/1/2016	expenditures	receipts	6/30/2017
U.S. Department of Education (Continued):								
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:								
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	161530/1516	\$ 8,384,759	\$ 6,896,122	\$ 1,290,474	\$ 616,390	\$ 1,906,864	\$ -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	171530/1617	8,097,163			6,822,575	5,687,843	1,134,732
			16,481,922	6,896,122	1,290,474	7,438,965	7,594,707	1,134,732
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children & Youth	84.013	161700/1516	243,395	172,431	32,811	29,700	62,511	
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children & Youth	84.013	171700/1617	229,708	-	-	169,570	137,283	32,287
			473,103	172,431	32,811	199,270	199,794	32,287
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196A	162320/1516	43,249	36,445	3,457	4,887	8,344	_
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196A	172320/1617	52,076	-	-	38,932	38,932	-
			95,325	36,445	3,457	43,819	47,276	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	160580/1516	202,842	155,653	2,872	15,900	18,772	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	170580/1617	220,129	-	-	181,402	174,298	7,104
Passed through Okemos Public Schools:								
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	160570/1516	50,850	29,049	3,416	6,996	10,412	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	170570/1617	58,811			50,037	45,484	4,553
			532,632	184,702	6,288	254,335	248,966	11,657
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	160520/1516	2,083,456	1,552,506	214,451	161,623	376,074	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	170520/1617	1,907,390			1,516,793	1,310,603	206,190
			3,990,846	1,552,506	214,451	1,678,416	1,686,677	206,190
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	161120/165057	34,540	33,338	7,846	-	7,846	-
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	171120/175057	38,370	-	-	38,135	38,026	109
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	161130/161057	93,600	90,804	5,896	-	5,896	-
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	171130/171057	65,520	-	-	64,744	59,897	4,847
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	161190/161057	41,351	26,813	704	-	704	-
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	171190/171057	42,351	-	-	42,285	37,123	5,162
			315,732	150,955	14,446	145,164	149,492	10,118

Prior year

			expenditures				
CFDA	Pass-through	Approved	(memorandum	Accrued	Current year	Current year	Accrued
Number	number	award	only)	7/1/2016	expenditures	receipts	6/30/2017
84.377A	141761/1516	\$ 1,392,540	\$ 1,011,428	\$ 236,156		\$ 499,630	
		, ,	-	-		,	217,747
			-	-		,	34,983
			=	<u>-</u>			243,771
84.377A	131762/1516						
		9,020,751	3,007,494	567,625	4,211,561	4,282,685	496,501
		30,910,311	12,000,655	2,129,552	13,971,530	14,209,597	1,891,485
84.173A	150460/1415	131,791	128,840	33,974	-	33,974	-
84.173A	170460/1617	131,717		_	106,212	86,371	19,841
		263,508	128,840	33,974	106,212	120,345	19,841
84.027		959,909	-	-	817,371	539,292	278,079
		1,223,417	128,840	33,974	923,583	659,637	297,920
		1,223,417	128,840	33,974	923,583	659,637	297,920
84.048A		52,623	51,981	5,392	-	5,392	-
84.048A		52,079			48,803	43,278	5,525
		104,702	51,981	5,392	48,803	48,670	5,525
84.363A		19,500	10,482	-	10,307	6,903	3,404
	84.377A 84.377A 84.377A 84.377A 84.377A 84.377A 84.173A 84.173A 84.027	Number         number           84.377A         141761/1516           84.377A         141762/1617           84.377A         151761/1617           84.377A         131763/1617           84.377A         131762/1516           84.173A         150460/1415           84.173A         170460/1617           84.027         84.048A           84.048A            84.048A	Number         number         award           84.377A         141761/1516         \$ 1,392,540           84.377A         141762/1617         1,572,531           84.377A         151761/1617         500,000           84.377A         131763/1617         2,923,480           84.377A         131762/1516         2,632,200           9,020,751         30,910,311           84.173A         150460/1415         131,791           84.173A         170460/1617         131,717           263,508         959,909           1,223,417         1,223,417           84.048A          52,623           84.048A          52,079           104,702         104,702	CFDA Number         Pass-through number         Approved award         (memorandum only)           84.377A         141761/1516         \$ 1,392,540         \$ 1,011,428           84.377A         141762/1617         1,572,531         -           84.377A         151761/1617         500,000         -           84.377A         131763/1617         2,923,480         -           84.377A         131762/1516         2,632,200         1,996,066           9,020,751         3,007,494         30,910,311         12,000,655           84.173A         150460/1415         131,791         128,840           84.027         263,508         128,840           84.027         959,909         -           1,223,417         128,840           1,223,417         128,840           84.048A          52,623         51,981           84.048A          52,079         -           104,702         51,981	CFDA Number         Pass-through number         Approved award         (memorandum only)         Accrued 7/1/2016           84.377A         141761/1516         \$ 1,392,540         \$ 1,011,428         \$ 236,156           84.377A         141762/1617         1,572,531         -         -           84.377A         151761/1617         500,000         -         -           84.377A         131763/1617         2,923,480         -         -           84.377A         131762/1516         2,632,200         1,996,066         331,469           9,020,751         3,007,494         567,625           30,910,311         12,000,655         2,129,552           84.173A         150460/1415         131,791         128,840         33,974           84.027         959,909         -         -         -           40.027         959,909         -         -         -           1,223,417         128,840         33,974           1,223,417         128,840         33,974           84.048A          52,623         51,981         5,392           84.048A          52,623         51,981         5,392	CFDA Number         Pass-through number         Approved award         (memorandum only)         Accrued 7/1/2016         Current year expenditures           84.377A         141761/1516         \$ 1,392,540         \$ 1,011,428         \$ 236,156         \$ 263,474           84.377A         141762/1617         1,572,531         -         -         -         1,202,134           84.377A         151761/1617         500,000         -         -         347,733           84.377A         131763/1617         2,923,480         -         -         -         2,105,111           84.377A         131762/1516         2,632,200         1,996,066         331,469         293,109           9,020,751         3,007,494         567,625         4,211,561           30,910,311         12,000,655         2,129,552         13,971,530           84.173A         150460/1415         131,791         128,840         33,974         -           84.027         263,508         128,840         33,974         106,212           84.027         959,909         -         -         817,371           1,223,417         128,840         33,974         923,583           84,048A         -         52,623         51,981         <	CFDA Number         Pass-through number         Approved award         (memorandum only)         Accrued 7/1/2016         Current year expenditures         Current year receipts           84.377A         141761/1516         \$ 1,392,540         \$ 1,011,428         \$ 236,156         \$ 263,474         \$ 499,630           84.377A         141762/1617         1,572,531         -         -         -         1,202,134         984,387           84.377A         151761/1617         500,000         -         -         -         347,733         312,750           84.377A         131763/1617         2,923,480         -         -         -         2,105,111         1,861,340           84.377A         131762/1516         2,632,200         1,996,066         331,469         293,109         624,578           9,020,751         3,007,494         567,625         4,211,561         4,282,685           30,910,311         12,000,655         2,129,552         13,971,530         14,209,597           84.173A         150460/1415         131,791         128,840         33,974         106,212         86,371           84.027         959,909         -         -         -         817,371         539,292           1,223,417         128,840<

Prior year

Pederal grantor/pass-through grantor/pogram (title of Parise)   Number					expenditures				
Passed through Eaton County RESA   11,538   10,275   16,945   19,717   7,503   10,718   10,		CFDA	Pass-through	Approved	(memorandum		Current year	Current year	
Passed through Eaton County RESA   11,538   10,275   16,945   19,717   7,503   10,000   10,	<u> </u>	Number	number	award	only)	7/1/2016	expenditures	receipts	6/30/2017
Highway Research and Development Program   20.200   \$ 34.503   \$ 17.538   \$ 10.275   \$ 16.945   \$ 19.717   \$ 7.503   \$ 10.714   \$ 1.055   \$ 10.715   \$ 1.055   \$ 1.0	<del></del>								
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION   34,503   17,538   10,275   16,945   19,717   7,503		20.200		e 24.502	e 17.520	¢ 10.275	e 16045	¢ 10.717	¢ 7.502
Passed through Great Lakes Stewardship		20.200							
Passed through Great Lakes Stewardship				34,503	17,538	10,275	16,945	19,717	7,503
Environmental Education Grants   66.951   3,098   3,060   (38)   38   -   -   -       TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY   3,098   3,060   (38)   38   38   -     -       U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:    Passed through Ingham ISD:   Medicaid Assistance Program   93.778   63,437   47,882   -   63,437   63,437   -     Passed through Eaton County RESA:   Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program   93.092   37,933   34,398   12,773   2,859   15,632   -     Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program   93.092   38,730   -   -   34,590   24,259   10,331     Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program   93.092   38,730   12,773   37,449   39,891   10,331     TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES   140,100   82,280   12,773   100,886   103,328   10,331     U.S. Department of Labor:   WIOA Program Cluster:   WIOA Youth Activities   17.259   831,359   802,063   214,146   -   214,146   -     WIOA Youth Activities   17.259   718,826   2,671   2,671   686,930   581,139   108,462     WIOA Youth Activities   17.259   718,826   2,671   2,671   686,930   581,139   108,462     WIOA Youth Activities   17.259   27,287   -   4,664   -   4,664   -   4,664									
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY   3,098   3,060   38)   38   -   -   -   -		cc 051		2.000	2.060	(20)	20		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:   Passed through Ingham ISD:   Medicaid Assistance Program   93.778   63,437   47,882   63,437   63		66.951							
Passed through Ingham ISD:   Medicaid Assistance Program   93.778	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			3,098	3,060	(38)	38		
Medicaid Assistance Program         93.778	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:								
Passed through Eaton County RESA:   Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program   93.092     37,933   34,398   12,773   2,859   15,632       Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program   93.092     76,663   34,398   12,773   37,449   39,891   10,331     TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES   140,100   82,280   12,773   100,886   103,328   10,331     U.S. Department of Labor:   WIOA Program Cluster:   Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:   WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     831,359   802,063   214,146     214,146       WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     718,826   2,671   2,671   686,930   581,139   108,462     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287       4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities   17,259     27,287         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities         4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities           4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities           4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities             4,664     4,664     WIOA Youth Activities             4,664     WIOA Youth Activities	Passed through Ingham ISD:								
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program 93.092	Medicaid Assistance Program	93.778		63,437	47,882		63,437	63,437	
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program 93.092 38,730 34,590 24,259 10,331  TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES 140,100 82,280 12,773 37,449 39,891 10,331  U.S. Department of Labor:  WIOA Program Cluster:  Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:  WIOA Youth Activities 17.259 831,359 802,063 214,146 - 214,146 - WIOA Youth Activities 17.259 718,826 2,671 2,671 686,930 581,139 108,462  WIOA Youth Activities 17.259 27,287 4,664 - 4,664	Passed through Eaton County RESA:								
76,663   34,398   12,773   37,449   39,891   10,331	Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program	93.092		37,933	34,398	12,773	2,859	15,632	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  U.S. Department of Labor:  WIOA Program Cluster:  Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:  WIOA Youth Activities  17.259  17.2	Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program	93.092		38,730		-	34,590	24,259	10,331
U.S. Department of Labor:         WIOA Program Cluster:         Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259       831,359       802,063       214,146       -       214,146       -         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        718,826       2,671       2,671       686,930       581,139       108,462         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        27,287       -       -       4,664       -       4,664				76,663	34,398	12,773	37,449	39,891	10,331
WIOA Program Cluster:         Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        831,359       802,063       214,146       -       214,146       -         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        718,826       2,671       2,671       686,930       581,139       108,462         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        27,287       -       -       4,664       -       4,664	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	}		140,100	82,280	12,773	100,886	103,328	10,331
Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        831,359       802,063       214,146       -       214,146       -         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        718,826       2,671       2,671       686,930       581,139       108,462         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        27,287       -       -       4,664       -       4,664	U.S. Department of Labor:								
WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        831,359       802,063       214,146       -       214,146       -         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        718,826       2,671       2,671       686,930       581,139       108,462         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        27,287       -       -       4,664       -       4,664	WIOA Program Cluster:								
WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        718,826       2,671       2,671       686,930       581,139       108,462         WIOA Youth Activities       17.259        27,287       -       -       4,664       -       4,664	Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works:								
WIOA Youth Activities 17.259 27,287 4,664 - 4,664	WIOA Youth Activities	17.259		831,359	802,063	214,146	-	214,146	-
	WIOA Youth Activities	17.259		718,826	2,671	2,671	686,930	581,139	108,462
	WIOA Youth Activities	17.259		27,287		-	4,664		4,664
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR 1,577,472 804,734 216,817 691,594 795,285 113,126	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			1,577,472	804,734	216,817	691,594	795,285	113,126
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE \$ 58,457,384 \$ 24,906,989 \$ 3,306,919 \$ 25,659,068 \$ 25,319,767 \$ 3,646,220	TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 58,457,384	\$ 24,906,989	\$ 3,306,919	\$ 25,659,068	\$ 25,319,767	\$ 3,646,220

- 1. Basis of Presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Lansing School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lansing School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Lansing School District.
- 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Lansing School District has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The District did not pass through any federal funds.
- 3. Management has utilized the Cash Management System (CMS) and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The District does not pass through federal funds.
- 4. Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund \$ 18,233,267
Special revenue fund \$ 7,425,801

Federal expenditures on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 25,659,068

5. Program clusters contained within the schedule are as follows:

National School Lunch Cluster consists of CFDA #10.553, #10.555, and #10.559 Special Education Cluster consists of CFDA #84.027 and #84.173A



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lansing School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2017.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lansing School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lansing School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lansing School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Many Costeinan PC

October 9, 2017



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lansing School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lansing School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Lansing School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lansing School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lansing School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions on compliance for major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lansing School District's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lansing School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Lansing School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manes Costeinan PC

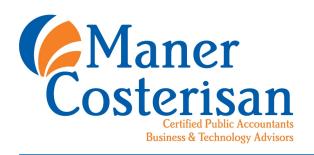
# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
➤ Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010A 84.027 & 84.173 84.165A	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster Magnet Schools Assistance
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and	\$ 769,772
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No
Section II - Financial Stat	ement Findings
None	
Section III - Federal Award Findin	gs and Questioned Costs
None	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no audit findings in the prior year.



October 9, 2017

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lansing School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated October 9, 2017 on the financial statements of Lansing School District. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows.

# **CURRENT YEAR COMMENT**

#### **IT Controls**

During our audit, we gained an understanding of the District's general computer controls. We noted third party vendors accessing the network are not required to sign an information security agreement. We recommend the District adopt this requirement to prevent unauthorized access to the network. We also recommend the District consider providing a security awareness training for all users. This would help reduce the potential of the District being vulnerable to a cyber attack. In addition, the District developed a disaster recovery plan several years ago. However, it has not been reviewed, updated, or tested since then. Meanwhile, conditions have changed within the District. We recommend that management review, update, and test the District's disaster recovery plan at least annually. This will allow management to assess whether the plan has any design flaws and whether it is still appropriate. It will also allow managers to become familiar with (or refresh their memory about) implementing each step of the plan so that they could act more quickly and decisively at the time of a disaster.

#### PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

# 120-Day Audit

For all bonds issued after May 1, 1994, a separate interim audit must be completed for each individual series of a bond authorization prior to the issuance of the next series. This interim audit must be completed within 120 days after the completion of all projects and the report filed with the Department of Treasury. This requirement is pursuant to Section 1351a(2) of Act 451 of the Public Acts of 1976.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Lansing School District, management, and others within the District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

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October 9, 2017

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited the financial statements of Lansing School District for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lansing School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about Lansing School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on Lansing School District's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on Lansing School District's compliance with those requirements.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters.

# Significant Audit Findings

#### 1. Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Lansing School District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Estimates have been used to calculate the net pension liability.

The estimated liability is approximately \$206,552,440 We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of the net pension liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate in calculating the liability for employee compensated absences:

The estimated liability is approximately \$2,900,000. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of employee compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets:

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users.

We did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

# 2. Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### 3. Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### 4. Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

# 5. Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 9, 2017.

# 6. Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

# 7. Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### 8. *Other Matters*

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this other supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Lansing School District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

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