LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lansing School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lansing School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lansing School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ➤ Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lansing School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lansing School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2025 on our consideration of Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 17, 2025

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This section of the Lansing School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

District-wide Financial Statements

The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. These statements are required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as described in the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. All of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both short and long-term, are reported. As such, these statements include capital assets, net of related depreciation/amortization, as well as the bonded and other long-term debt of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are comparable to financial statements for the previous year. The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis in that only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

The formats of the fund statements comply with the requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's "Accounting Manual". In the state of Michigan, school districts' major instructional and instructional support activities are reported in the General Fund. Additional activities are reported in various other funds which include Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets purchased are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition with no asset being reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as other financing sources. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. The obligations for future years' debt service are not recorded in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the District is the trustee or fiduciary. The District cannot use these assets to finance its operations, but it is responsible to ensure that these funds are used for their intended purposes. Only measurable and currently available funds are reported. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

| | June 30, 2025 | June 30, 2024* |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 252,000,237 | \$ 189,059,610 |
| Net other postemployment benefit asset | 31,426,631 | 3,900,693 |
| Capital assets | 261,436,600 | 214,169,083 |
| Total assets | 544,863,468 | 407,129,386 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 65,926,952 | 78,699,620 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Long-term outstanding liabilities | 233,834,225 | 166,445,568 |
| Net pension liability | 173,073,258 | 219,343,527 |
| Other liabilities | 92,595,222 | 53,020,516 |
| Total liabilities | 499,502,705 | 438,809,611 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 110,643,979 | 86,078,172 |
| Net position | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 120,444,887 | 106,764,904 |
| Restricted | 41,004,497 | 11,499,558 |
| Unrestricted | (160,805,648) | (157,323,239) |
| Total net position | \$ 643,736 | \$ (39,058,777) |

^{*} The 2024 numbers have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 101.

Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District's net position increased by \$43,003,964. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

1. Depreciation/Amortization Expense

GASB Statement No. 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation/amortization expense and the accumulation of depreciation/amortization expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation/amortization expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation/amortization expense is calculated based on the original cost of the assets less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, \$7,339,236 was recorded for depreciation/amortization expense.

Analysis of Financial Position (continued)

2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, \$56,538,711 of expenditures were recorded as assets of the District, including \$41,556,189 of assets added to construction in progress. The District also placed into service \$4,662,831 of prior years' construction in progress. These additions to the District's capital assets will be depreciated/amortized over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital assets, assets disposed of and reclassified during the fiscal year, and the current year's depreciation/amortization is a net increase to capital assets in the amount of \$47,267,517 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The net increase in capital assets is due mainly to construction related to the 2022 bond issuance and the 2022 Energy Bond issuance.

Results of Operations

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the results of operations, on a District-wide basis, were:

| | Year Ended Jur | ne 30, 2025 | Year Ended June 30, 2024* | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------|--|
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 50,658,634 | 19.0% | \$ 47,631,837 | 17.7% | |
| Investment earnings | 7,806,145 | 2.9% | 8,149,607 | 3.0% | |
| State sources - unrestricted | 101,257,734 | 38.0% | 104,872,009 | 39.1% | |
| IISD special education allocation | 20,298,715 | 7.6% | 18,808,370 | 7.0% | |
| Other | 2,357,526 | 0.9% | 636,752 | 0.3% | |
| Total general revenues | 182,378,754 | 68.4% | 180,098,575 | 67.1% | |
| Program revenues | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 968,770 | 0.4% | 1,195,454 | 0.4% | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 83,317,767 | 31.2% | 87,232,808 | 32.5% | |
| Total revenues | 266,665,291 | 100.0% | 268,526,837 | 100.0% | |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Instruction | 83,283,194 | 37.2% | 90,493,242 | 41.7% | |
| Support services | 119,420,893 | 53.4% | 107,378,594 | 49.4% | |
| Community services | 2,526,550 | 1.1% | 2,451,546 | 1.1% | |
| Food services | 9,367,957 | 4.2% | 9,329,786 | 4.3% | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 7,355,830 | 3.3% | 7,276,733 | 3.3% | |
| Unallocated depreciation/amortization | 1,706,903 | 0.8% | 491,464 | 0.2% | |
| Total expenses | 223,661,327 | 100.0% | 217,421,365 | 100.0% | |
| Change in net position | \$ 43,003,964 | | \$ 51,105,472 | | |

^{*} The 2024 numbers have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 101.

Analysis of Significant Revenue and Expenses

Significant revenues and expenditures are discussed in the segments below:

1. Property Taxes

The District levies 18 mills of property taxes for operations on non-principal resident exempt property and 6 mills on commercial personal property, less the mandatory reductions required by the Headlee Amendment, Article IX, Section 31. According to Michigan law, the tax levy is based on the taxable valuation of properties. The annual taxable valuation increases are capped at the rate of increase in the prior year's Consumer Price Index or 5%, whichever is less. At the time the property is sold, its taxable valuation is readjusted to the State Equalized Value, which in theory is one half of the property's market value.

For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District levied \$28,018,261 in non-principal residence property taxes. This amount represented an increase of 5.7% from the prior year.

The following table summarizes the non-principal resident exempt property tax levies for operations for the past five years:

| | | % Increase |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | Non-PRE Tax | (Decrease) from |
| Fiscal Year | Levy | Prior Year |
| | | |
| 2024-2025 | \$ 28,018,261 | 5.7% |
| 2023-2024 | 26,515,190 | 3.5% |
| 2022-2023 | 25,622,324 | 2.6% |
| 2021-2022 | 24,983,133 | 4.1% |
| 2020-2021 | 23,990,317 | 3.1% |

2. State Sources

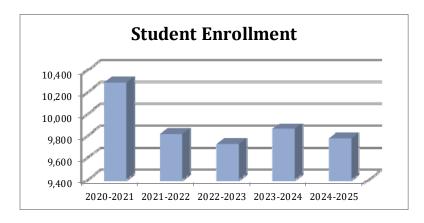
The majority of the state sources of revenue is comprised of the per student foundation allowance. The State of Michigan funds school districts based on a blended student enrollment. The blended enrollment consists of 90% of the current year's fall count and 10% of the prior fiscal year's spring count. For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District received \$9,608, which represents no change in the per pupil amount received for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

Analysis of Significant Revenue and Expenses (continued)

3. Student Enrollment

Student enrollment has declined by 5.0% since 2020-2021.

| 9,773 9,859 9,723 9,811 |
|----------------------------------|
| |



4. Operating Grants and Contributions

The District receives a significant portion of its operating revenue from categorical grants and contributions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, federal, state, and other grants accounted for \$83,317,767. This amount was a decrease from the total grant sources of \$87,232,808 received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The primary reason for this decrease is related to the Education Stabilization Fund grants ending on September 30, 2024.

5. County Special Education Allocation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District received a net allocation from the Ingham Intermediate School District in the amount of \$20,298,715 to assist with the education of students with special needs. This amount represents an increase of \$1,490,345 as compared to the allocation of \$18,808,370 received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

6. Interest Earnings

The District received interest on its investment of short-term available cash in the amount of \$7,806,145 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Interest earnings are less than the prior fiscal year earnings by \$343,462.

Analysis of Significant Revenue and Expenses (continued)

7. Comparative Expenditures

A comparison of the expenditures reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is shown below:

| | 2024 - 2025 | 2023 - 2024 | Increase |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year | (Decrease) |
| | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 100,077,359 | \$ 98,281,630 | \$ 1,795,729 |
| Supporting services | 106,173,465 | 112,387,600 | (6,214,135) |
| Food service activities | 10,050,154 | 9,555,505 | 494,649 |
| Community service activities | 2,752,292 | 2,517,240 | 235,052 |
| Capital outlay | 77,225,176 | 28,115,069 | 49,110,107 |
| Debt service | 15,229,259 | 14,516,561 | 712,698 |
| Total expenditures | \$ 311,507,705 | \$ 265,373,605 | \$ 46,134,100 |
| | | | |

8. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the annual budget prior to the start of the fiscal year on July 1. Any amendments to the original budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

For the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District amended the general fund budget twice, with the Board adopting the final changes in June 2025.

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended budget, and actual totals from operations.

| Original | Final Variance with | | Final Variance with | | Final | | Variance with | | |
|----------------|--|--|---|---|-------|--|---------------|--|--|
| Budget | Budget | Actual Final Budget | | % Variance | | | | | |
| \$ 226,897,000 | \$ 269,423,000 | \$ 226,681,353 | \$ (42,741,647) | -15.9% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 110,568,000 | \$ 102,044,000 | \$ 100,077,359 | \$ 1,966,641 | 1.9% | | | | | |
| 117,947,000 | 118,278,000 | 106,173,465 | 12,104,535 | 10.2% | | | | | |
| 2,749,000 | 3,083,000 | 2,752,292 | 330,708 | 10.7% | | | | | |
| 3,386,000 | 47,014,000 | 17,738,387 | 29,275,613 | 62.3% | | | | | |
| | | 458,452 | (458,452) | -100.0% | | | | | |
| \$ 234,650,000 | \$ 270,419,000 | \$ 227,199,955 | \$ 43,219,045 | 16.0% | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ (2,175,000) | \$ (5,395,000) | \$ (4,891,815) | \$ 503,185 | 9.3% | | | | | |
| | Budget \$ 226,897,000 \$ 110,568,000 | Budget Budget \$ 226,897,000 \$ 269,423,000 \$ 110,568,000 \$ 102,044,000 117,947,000 118,278,000 2,749,000 3,083,000 3,386,000 47,014,000 - - \$ 234,650,000 \$ 270,419,000 | Budget Budget Actual \$ 226,897,000 \$ 269,423,000 \$ 226,681,353 \$ 110,568,000 \$ 102,044,000 \$ 100,077,359 117,947,000 118,278,000 106,173,465 2,749,000 3,083,000 2,752,292 3,386,000 47,014,000 17,738,387 - - 458,452 \$ 234,650,000 \$ 270,419,000 \$ 227,199,955 | Budget Budget Actual Final Budget \$ 226,897,000 \$ 269,423,000 \$ 226,681,353 \$ (42,741,647) \$ 110,568,000 \$ 102,044,000 \$ 100,077,359 \$ 1,966,641 \$ 117,947,000 \$ 118,278,000 \$ 106,173,465 \$ 12,104,535 \$ 2,749,000 \$ 3,083,000 \$ 2,752,292 \$ 330,708 \$ 3,386,000 \$ 47,014,000 \$ 17,738,387 \$ 29,275,613 \$ 234,650,000 \$ 270,419,000 \$ 227,199,955 \$ 43,219,045 | | | | | |

The District's budgeting process budgets for all grants at the awarded amounts. This budgeting process will always result in a variance between the grant amount awarded and the actual amount spent.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$382.3 million in a broad range of capital assets, right to use assets, including school buildings and facilities, vehicles, and various types of equipment. This represents an increase of approximately \$43.3 million over the prior fiscal year. Depreciation and amortization expense for the year amounted to approximately \$7.3 million, bringing the accumulated depreciation/amortization to approximately \$120.9 million as of June 30, 2025.

| | Cost | Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization | 2025 Net Book Value | 2024 Net Book Value |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| Land Construction in progress Land improvements Buildings and additions Machinery and equipment Right to use - leased equipment Right to use - subscription-based IT Transportation equipment | \$ 4,431,691 55,160,859 25,969,100 269,849,933 21,288,729 1,074,564 454,000 4,067,329 \$ 382,296,205 | \$ - 12,288,716 95,177,368 11,692,825 273,359 244,983 1,182,354 \$ 120,859,605 | \$ 4,431,691 55,160,859 13,680,384 174,672,565 9,595,904 801,205 209,017 2,884,975 \$ 261,436,600 | \$ 4,431,691 18,267,501 10,100,576 169,895,866 9,645,703 660,512 290,112 877,122 \$ 214,169,083 |

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2025, the District had approximately \$224.2 million in bonded debt outstanding and approximately \$821,000 of direct borrowings and direct placements related to lease liabilities. Total outstanding debt increased as the District made principal payments of approximately \$7.7 million in the current year and issued \$67.5 million in new bonds. The district also issued \$505,616 in new equipment leases.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

➤ Management and the Board of Education remain committed to ensuring the long-term stability of the District's financial position through the preservation and prudent growth of the Fund Balance. Best practice guidelines recommend maintaining reserves equal to 15% to 20% of annual operating expenditures, a range identified by the Michigan School Business Officials as sufficient to support liquidity needs and avoid short-term borrowing during the two-month gap between August and October State Aid payments.

At the conclusion of fiscal year 2025, the District's ending fund balance totaled \$52.1 million, representing 23.0% of total expenditures. This level exceeds recommended benchmarks and reflects continued fiscal discipline. Maintaining this reserve not only mitigates the risk of short-term borrowing but also strengthens the District's capacity to address unforeseen financial pressures. Management will continue to prioritize the preservation of this level of financial flexibility as the District advances into fiscal year 2026.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future (continued)

➤ The District continues to implement a financial plan that aligns resources with enrollment trends and instructional priorities. Rising healthcare costs remain a significant budgetary pressure for 2025-2026 and beyond, and the District is committed to providing quality benefits for staff while maintaining fiscal responsibility.

State funding represents the District's primary source of operating revenue, and uncertainties in this area remain a key challenge. Variability in per-pupil allocations, the timing of State Aid payments, and potential legislative changes to the school funding formula can all impact revenue stability and long-term planning. Shifts in enrollment, combined with the reliance on State appropriations, increase the District's exposure to these external factors.

In addition, broader economic conditions at the State level - including inflationary pressures, revenue collections, and competing budget priorities within the legislature - may influence future funding levels for K-12 education. These uncertainties require careful monitoring and proactive financial management. Management will continue to assess revenue trends, adjust expenditure priorities, and refine long-term strategies to preserve fiscal stability while sustaining the District's educational mission.

- ➤ For the 2025-26 school year, the district has continued the School-Based Budgeting process, decentralizing many cost centers and allocating more funds directly to schools and departments. This approach empowers them to make more autonomous decisions regarding budgeting and staffing, rather than relying solely on central administration.
- ➤ The District announced that starting in the 2022-23 school year, Dean Transportation would provide bus services exclusively for PreK-8th grade students, while all eligible 9th-12th grade students would receive an unlimited CATA bus card. This arrangement continued in the 2023-24 and 2024-25 school years and will carry forward into 2025-26, allowing Dean to better serve younger students while giving older students more flexible public transportation options for traveling to and from school, after-school activities, and during evenings and weekends.
- ➤ In 2023-24, we launched Lansing Technical High School at the Hill Center, dedicated to CTE and vocational programs. Previously, students split their day between CTE instruction and their home high school. Now, Lansing Tech HS offers a full-day program with half a day of CTE and half a day of regular courses, providing more instructional time and eliminating the need for travel between locations. We started with 9th graders in 2023-24, added 10th grade in 2024-25, will add 11th grade in 2025-26, and 12th grade in 2026-27.
- ➤ In In fiscal year 2025, the District issued its Series II Bonds as part of the voter-approved bond program. The issuance was undertaken to provide continued funding for capital improvements, including facility upgrades, technology enhancements, and infrastructure investments that support the District's long-term educational and operational needs.

The proceeds of the Series II Bonds will be applied in accordance with the District's capital improvement plan, ensuring resources are directed toward projects that enhance the learning environment and maintain the quality of District facilities. Management remains committed to the responsible stewardship of bond proceeds, including oversight of project timelines, budget adherence, and compliance with all legal and financial reporting requirements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future (continued)

The issuance of the 2025 Series II Bonds reflects the District's ongoing commitment to maintaining safe, modern, and effective learning spaces for students, while also preserving strong financial practices to support long-term debt management.

The District continues to advance its strategic infrastructure plan, guided by the 2022 bond initiative's voterendorsed funding for capital improvements. With the opening of the new Mt. Hope School in fall 2025, the District has delivered a significant upgrade, featuring enhanced safety measures, modern learning environments, and technology-rich spaces that support our STEAM-centered instructional model.

Willow School, currently under construction, is slated to open in 2026 and will incorporate sustainable design elements including solar installations and outdoor learning environments. Meanwhile, Lewton Spanish Immersion School is on track for groundbreaking in spring 2027, reinforcing our commitment to immersive educational programming supported by new facilities.

Across all projects, management remains vigilant in ensuring adherence to budget, timeline, and regulatory standards. The use of bond proceeds continues to be governed by rigorous oversight, enabling the District to modernize facilities while maintaining sound financial management and fostering long-term educational success.

The District is steadfast in its commitment to sustainability and long-term operational cost efficiency through the deployment of solar energy across its schools. Already operational and delivering tangible financial and environmental benefits are installations at Cavanaugh, Lyons, Pattengill, North, and Wexford, as part of the District's distributed generation efforts.

Several additional solar projects are currently underway at Gier Park, Hill/Lansing Tech HS and Willow, with expected completion within the next year. Willow's new K-8 facility is being constructed with integrated solar capabilities along with a geothermal system to heat and cool the building.

These installations collectively contribute to the District's broader goals of reducing utility expenditures while showcasing its environmental stewardship. They also serve as live, educational examples of clean energy technology for students and the community.

The Lansing School District continues to advance its transformative Electric School Bus Project, a \$6.89 million initiative designed to replace 15 diesel buses with zero-emission (ZE) vehicles. Supported by \$5.93 million in funding from the EPA's Clean School Bus Program, this project represents a major step forward in the District's sustainability plan, enhancing air quality, reducing harmful emissions, and fostering a healthier environment for more than 10,000 students. In partnership with Dean Transportation, GreenLink Education, and the Lansing Board of Water & Light, the District is implementing the necessary infrastructure upgrades, including the installation of electric vehicle charging stations and comprehensive staff training.

During fiscal year 2025, significant progress has been made. The first five electric buses are substantially complete and awaiting the installation of charging stations before entering service. In addition, the District was awarded \$1.725 million through the EPA's 2023 Clean School Bus Rebates, funding the replacement of five additional diesel buses with new electric vehicles and the related charging infrastructure.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future (continued)

These milestones reinforce the District's commitment to environmental stewardship, operational efficiency, and community health. By spearheading this initiative, Lansing School District is positioning itself as a leader in sustainable school transportation, aligning with national, state, and local climate goals, while addressing long-standing environmental challenges within the community.

> The District continues to invest in safe, engaging, and climate-resilient learning environments. Over the past year, we completed the installation of new playgrounds and perimeter fencing across several schools, ensuring secure outdoor spaces that support both recreation and student safety.

Simultaneously, we have made substantial strides in installing air conditioning systems funded through the 2022 voter-approved bond initiative and the MI Healthy Schools Grant. Classrooms at Cavanaugh, Forest View, Post Oak, Sheridan Rd, Lyons, and Averill Elementary Schools now have fully operational air conditioning systems, significantly enhancing indoor comfort and learning conditions during warmer months.

These investments - new playgrounds, enhanced fencing, and improved cooling infrastructure - are key components of our broader strategic goal to promote student well-being, focus in the classroom, and overall physical comfort. As these projects come online, the District is further advancing both educational quality and facility resilience for current and future students.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Budget, Lansing School District, 519 W. Kalamazoo Street, Lansing, Michigan, 48933.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

| A CONTROL | Governmental Activities |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ 36,860,199 80,514,083 |
| Receivables Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Inventories | 735,880 26,091,171 113,731 |
| Prepaids Restricted investments - capital projects Net other postemployment benefits asset | 481,856 107,203,317 31,426,631 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization | 59,592,550 201,844,050 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 544,863,468 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 0.004.405 |
| Related to other postemployment benefits Related to pensions | 8,384,487 57,542,465 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 65,926,952 |
| LIABILITIES | 22 7 62 172 |
| Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items | 22,569,473 10,396,710 |
| Accrued retirement | 7,999,457 |
| Due to other governmental units | 951,778 |
| IBNR reserves | 497,546 |
| Accrued interest | 1,496,758 |
| Unearned revenue | 48,683,500 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | |
| Due within one year | 7,583,060 |
| Due in more than one year | 223,504,007 |
| Arbitrage liability Net pension liability | 2,747,158 |
| Net pension hability | 173,073,258 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 499,502,705 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 42.244.645 |
| Related to other postemployment benefits Related to pensions | 43,211,645 57,571,325 |
| Related to pensions Related to state aid funding for pension benefits | 9,861,009 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 110,643,979 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 120,444,887 |
| Restricted for debt service | 503,203 |
| Restricted for food service | 1,833,211 7,241,452 |
| Restricted for capital projects - sinking fund Restricted for net other postemployment benefits | 7,241,452 31,426,631 |
| Unrestricted | (160,805,648) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 643,736 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | | | Drogram | Revenues | Governmental Activities Net (Expense) |
|--|----------------|----|-----------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | - | Trogram | Operating | Revenue and |
| | | Cł | arges for | Grants and | Changes in |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | Services | Contributions | Net Position |
| | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 83,283,194 | \$ | 85,115 | \$ 24,734,303 | \$ (58,463,776) |
| Support services | 119,420,893 | | 375,458 | 46,604,989 | (72,440,446) |
| Community services | 2,526,550 | | 218,607 | 2,571,395 | 263,452 |
| Food services | 9,367,957 | | 289,590 | 9,407,080 | 328,713 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 7,355,830 | | - | - | (7,355,830) |
| Unallocated depreciation/amortization | 1,706,903 | | | | (1,706,903) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 223,661,327 | \$ | 968,770 | \$ 83,317,767 | (139,374,790) |
| G | <u> </u> | | | | |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purpos | ses | | | | 27,587,537 |
| Property taxes, levied for debt service | | | | | 13,660,159 |
| Property taxes, levied for sinking fund | | | | | 9,410,938 |
| Investment earnings | | | | | 7,806,145 |
| State sources - unrestricted | | | | | 101,257,734 |
| Intermediate sources | | | | | 20,298,715 |
| Other | | | | | 2,357,526 |
| | | | | | 2,007,020 |
| Total general revenues | | | | | 182,378,754 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | | | | 43,003,964 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year as previously reported | | | | (39,058,777) | |
| Adjustment to beginning net position | | | | | (3,301,451) |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year as restate | ed | | | | (42,360,228) |
| NET POSITION, end of year | | | | | \$ 643,736 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

| | General Fund | 2022 Capital Projects Fund | 20 | 022 Energy Bond | 2025 Capital Projects Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|----|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 36,860,199 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 36,860,199 |
| Investments | 78,304,852 | - | | - | - | 2,209,231 | 80,514,083 |
| Receivables | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | 564,466 | 132,389 | | - | - | 39,025 | 735,880 |
| Intergovernmental | 25,950,171 | - | | - | - | 141,000 | 26,091,171 |
| Due from other funds | - | - | | 7,939 | - | 16,141,576 | 16,149,515 |
| Inventories | 52,615 | - | | - | - | 61,116 | 113,731 |
| Prepaids | 290,750 | - | | - | - | 191,106 | 481,856 |
| Restricted investments - capital projects | | 23,363,796 | | 1,010,015 | 71,442,297 | 11,387,209 | 107,203,317 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$142,023,053 | \$ 23,496,185 | \$ | 1,017,954 | \$ 71,442,297 | \$ 30,170,263 | \$268,149,752 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 6,215,351 | \$ 11,566,494 | \$ | 20,285 | \$ 93,374 | \$ 4,673,969 | \$ 22,569,473 |
| Accrued salaries and related items | 10,396,710 | - | | - | - | - - | 10,396,710 |
| Accrued retirement | 7,999,457 | - | | _ | - | - | 7,999,457 |
| Due to other governmental units | 951,778 | | | - | - | - | 951,778 |
| Due to other funds | 15,555,737 | 198,254 | | - | 54,529 | 340,995 | 16,149,515 |
| Unearned revenue | 48,683,500 | | | | | | 48,683,500 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 89,802,533 | 11,764,748 | | 20,285 | 147,903 | 5,014,964 | 106,750,433 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | 100,000 | | | | | | 100,000 |

| | (| General Fund | 2022 C Projects | - | 20 | 22 Energy Bond | | Capital s Fund | | Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds | Gove | Total ernmental Funds |
|---|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|----|-------------------|---------|-------------------|------|--|------|-----------------------------|
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OF RESOURCES, AND FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCES (continued) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ | 52,615 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 61,116 | \$ | 113,731 |
| Prepaids | | 290,750 | | - | | - | | - | | 191,106 | | 481,856 |
| Restricted | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,999,961 | | 1,999,961 |
| Capital projects | | - | 11,73 | 31,437 | | 997,669 | 71,2 | 94,394 | | 7,241,452 | 9 | 1,264,952 |
| Food service | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,545,725 | | 4,545,725 |
| Assigned | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subsequent year expenditures | 1 | 1,521,000 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 1 | 1,521,000 |
| Capital projects | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 11,115,939 | 1 | 1,115,939 |
| Student/school activities | | 412,383 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 412,383 |
| Unassigned | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General fund | 3 | 9,843,772 | | _ | | | | _ | | | 3 | 9,843,772 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 5 | 2,120,520 | 11,73 | 31,437 | | 997,669 | 71,2 | 94,394 | | 25,155,299 | 16 | 1,299,319 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 14 | 2,023,053 | \$ 23,49 | 96,185_ | \$ | 1,017,954 | \$ 71,4 | 42,297 | \$ 3 | 30,170,263 | \$26 | 8,149,752_ |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

| Total governmental fund balances | | \$161,299,319 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions | | 57,542,465 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits | | 8,384,487 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions | | (57,571,325) |
| Deferred inflows of resources - related to other postemployment benefits | | (43,211,645) |
| Deferred inflows of resources - related to state funding for pension benefits | | (9,861,009) |
| Some assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental | | |
| Funds Balance Sheet. Noncurrent assets at year-end consist of: | | |
| Net other postemployment benefits asset | | 31,426,631 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Capital assets | \$382,296,205 | |
| Accumulated depreciation/amortization | (120,859,605) | |
| | | 261,436,600 |
| Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: | | |
| General obligation bonds | | (224,194,271) |
| Direct borrowing and direct placement | | (820,942) |
| Compensated absences, termination benefits, and self-insured workers' compensation plan | | (6,071,854) |
| Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid | | (1,496,758) |
| Unavailable revenue - at June 30th expected to be collected after September 1st | | 100,000 |
| IBNR reserves | | (497,546) |
| Arbitrage liability | | (2,747,158) |
| Net pension liability | | (173,073,258) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 643,736 |
| • | | |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | General Fund | 2022 Capital Projects Fund | 2022 Energy Bond | 2025 Capital Projects Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 27,587,537 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 23,071,097 | \$ 50,658,634 |
| Investment earnings | 4,355,251 | 2,218,292 | 383,620 | 49,429 | 799,553 | 7,806,145 |
| Food sales | - | - | - | - | 275,905 | 275,905 |
| Other | 3,814,772 | | 64,619 | _ | 148,953 | 4,028,344 |
| Total local sources | 35,757,560 | 2,218,292 | 448,239 | 49,429 | 24,295,508 | 62,769,028 |
| State sources | 138,390,707 | - | - | - | 513,075 | 138,903,782 |
| Federal sources | 32,234,371 | - | - | - | 9,047,663 | 41,282,034 |
| Incoming transfers | 20,298,715 | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | 20,298,715 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 226,681,353 | 2,218,292 | 448,239 | 49,429 | 33,856,246 | 263,253,559 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| Instruction | 100,077,359 | - | - | - | - | 100,077,359 |
| Supporting services | 106,173,465 | - | - | - | - | 106,173,465 |
| Food service activities | - | - | - | - | 10,050,154 | 10,050,154 |
| Community service activities | 2,752,292 | - | - | - | - | 2,752,292 |
| Capital outlay | 17,738,387 | 34,369,306 | 9,826,173 | - | 15,291,310 | 77,225,176 |

| | General Fund | 2022 Capital Projects Fund | 2022 Energy Bond | 2025 Capital Projects Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| EXPENDITURES (continued) | | | | | | |
| Debt service | | | | | | |
| Principal payments | \$ 414,297 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,315,000 | \$ 7,729,297 |
| Interest | 44,155 | - | - | - | 6,977,900 | 7,022,055 |
| Bond issuance costs | - | - | - | 475,907 | - | 475,907 |
| Other | | | | | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 227,199,955 | 34,369,306 | 9,826,173 | 475,907 | 39,636,364 | 311,507,705 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (518,602) | (32,151,014) | (9,377,934) | (426,478) | (5,780,118) | (48,254,146) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from leased equipment | 505,616 | - | = | - | = | 505,616 |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds | - | - | - | 67,500,000 | - | 67,500,000 |
| Premium on bonds | - | - | - | 4,220,872 | - | 4,220,872 |
| Transfers in | 87,153 | - | - | - | 5,484,584 | 5,571,737 |
| Transfers out | (5,484,584) | | | | (87,153) | (5,571,737) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (4,891,815) | _ | _ | 71,720,872 | 5,397,431 | 72,226,488 |
| 300KGE3 (03E3) | (4,071,013) | | | 71,720,072 | 3,377,431 | 72,220,400 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (5,410,417) | (32,151,014) | (9,377,934) | 71,294,394 | (382,687) | 23,972,342 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 57,530,937 | 43,882,451 | 10,375,603 | | 25,537,986 | 137,326,977 |
| End of year | \$ 52,120,520 | \$ 11,731,437 | \$ 997,669 | \$ 71,294,394 | \$ 25,155,299 | \$161,299,319 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| Net change in fund balances total governmental funds | \$ 23,972,342 |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization: Depreciation/amortization expense | (7,339,236) |
| Capital outlay | 56,538,711 |
| Unrecovered cost on asset disposal | (1,931,958) |
| Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is recorded in governmental funds when it is paid: | |
| Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year Accrued interest payable, end of the year | 1,162,983 (1,496,758) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial sources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows: | |
| Proceeds from leased equipment | (505,616) |
| Bonds issuance Payments on debt | (67,500,000) 7,729,297 |
| Premium on bonds | (4,220,872) |
| Amortization of bond premium | 1,144,211 |
| Arbitrage liability | (846,423) |
| Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not considered available. | |
| Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year | (446,137) |
| Unavailable revenue, end of the year | 100,000 |
| Compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds. Accrued compensated absences, termination benefits and self-insured | |
| workers' compensation plan, beginning of the year, as restated Accrued compensated absences, termination benefits and self-insured | 6,184,051 |
| workers' compensation plan, end of the year | (6,071,854) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Other postemployment benefits related items Pension related items IBNR expenses | 12,233,518 20,401,726 73,491 |
| Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period: Pension related items, beginning of year Pension related items, end of year | 13,683,497 (9,861,009) |
| | h 12.002.061 |

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 43,003,964

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

| | Custodial Funds | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 50,790 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | | 15,574 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Restricted for student organizations | \$ | 35,216 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | Custodial Funds | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| ADDITIONS Student activity income | \$ | - | |
| DEDUCTIONS Payments made on behalf of student organizations | | 123,251 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | (123,251) | |
| NET POSITION Beginning of year | | 158,467 | |
| End of year | \$ | 35,216 | |

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Reporting Entity

The Lansing School District (the "District") is governed by the Lansing School District Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following *Major Governmental Funds*:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *2022 Capital Projects Fund* includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For this capital project, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The fund is not yet considered substantially complete, and a subsequent year audit is expected.

The *2022 Energy Bond* accounts for the receipt of energy bond proceeds for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects specifically associated with the 2022 energy bond.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Major Governmental Funds (continued):

The 2025 Capital Projects Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For this capital project, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The fund is not yet considered substantially complete, and a subsequent year audit is expected.

The following is a summary of the cumulative revenue, other financing sources (uses), and expenditures for the *2022 Capital Projects Fund* and *2025 Capital Projects Fund* activity:

| | 2022 Bond | 2025 Bond | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Revenue and other financing sources | \$ 65,788,975 | \$ 71 | 1,770,301 |
| Expenditures and other financing uses | \$ 54,057,538 | \$ | 475,907 |

The above revenue and financing sources figure includes the net bond proceeds of \$51,800,000 and \$67,500,000, and bond premium of \$6,560,840 and \$4,220,872, for the *2022 Capital Projects Fund* and *2025 Capital Projects Fund*, respectively.

The District reports the following *Other Nonmajor Funds*:

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service activities in the special revenue fund.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for the receipt of non-debt proceeds and transfers from the general fund for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects. One of these funds is the *Capital Projects Sinking Fund* which accounts for the receipt of property taxes levied for sinking fund and subsequent expenditures of those funds. The fund has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212 of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 2023-1.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

The *Custodial Fund* consists of assets for the benefit of individuals and the District does not have administrative involvement with the assets or a direct financial involvement with the assets. In addition, the assets are not derived from the District's provision of goods or services to those individuals. This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a state-wide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund. The capital projects funds are appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

- a. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

- c. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- d. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- e. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year-end June 30, 2025. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services, and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Investments (continued)

f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the District are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period or the estimated useful lives. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Capital Asset Classes | Lives |
|--|--------|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Buildings and additions | 50 |
| Machinery and equipment | 5 - 20 |
| Right to use - leased equipment | 5 |
| Right to use - subscription-based IT arrangement | 3 |
| Land improvements | 20 |
| Transportation equipment | 8 |

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from receipts that are received after 60 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The third and fourth items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability/asset and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The District strives to maintain a secure financial position whereby the fund balance in the general fund does not fall below 10% of the preceding year's expenditures. At June 30, 2025, the District's general fund balance was more than 10% of the preceding year's expenditures.

Leases and Subscription-based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

Lessee/subscriber: The District is a lessee for a noncancelable lease/subscription of equipment and IT agreements. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District also recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Leases and Subscription-based IT Arrangements (SBITA) (continued)

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the District initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- ➤ The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- ➤ The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (continued)

Property Taxes (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

| Fund | Mills |
|--|---------|
| General fund | |
| Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) | 17.4478 |
| Commercial Personal Property | 5.4478 |
| Debt service fund | |
| PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property | 4.1000 |
| Capital projects (sinking fund) | |
| PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property | 2.9575 |

Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits

The District recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary and related benefits, where applicable.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2025, the District had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2025, \$36,841,364 of the District's bank balance of \$37,091,364 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying amount of all deposits is \$36,910,989.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the District will do business.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The District does not allow direct investment in commercial paper or corporate bonds.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Weighted Average Maturity (Years) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Commercial Paper | \$ 22,251,310 | 0.0526 |
| Money Market Obligation Trust | 5.988 | 0.0320 N/A |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - CMC | 45,068 | N/A |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - Max | 151,711,034 | N/A |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - Term | 13,700,000 | 0.1757 |
| Total fair value | \$ 187,713,400 | |
| Portfolio weighted average maturity | | 0.0995 |

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Rating | Rating Agency |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Commercial Paper | \$ 22,251,310 | A-1 - A-2 | Standard & Poor's |
| Money Market Obligation Trust | 5,988 | AAAm | Standard & Poor's |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - CMC | 45,068 | AAAm | Standard & Poor's |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - Max | 151,711,034 | AAAm | Standard & Poor's |
| MILAF External Investment Pool - Term | 13,700,000 | AAAkf | Fitch |
| Total fair value | \$ 187,713,400 | | |

Foreign Currency Risk

The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value Measurement

The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

| | | | | | | Balance at |
|---------------------------|-------|---|---------------|-----|------|---------------|
| | Level | 1 | Level 2 | Lev | el 3 | June 30, 2025 |
| Investments by fair value | | | | | | _ |
| Commercial Paper | \$ | | \$ 22,251,310 | \$ | | \$ 22,251,310 |

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. The pooled investment funds utilized by the District are a Money Market Obligation Trust and the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). These funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

| | Amortized Cost | |
|---|----------------|------------------------------|
| Money Market Obligation Trust MILAF External Investment Pool - CMC MILAF External Investment Pool - Max | \$ 15 | 5,988 45,068 1,711,034 |
| | \$ 15 | 1,756,102 |

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The District holds shares or interests in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Term Series, where the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

The MILAF Term Series includes investments that the District does not control. The investment pool invests primarily in high-quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

| | | | | Redemption | |
|------------------------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Fair | Uni | funded | Frequency, | Redemption |
| | Value | Comr | nitments | if Eligible | Notice Period |
| MILAF External | | | | | |
| Investment Pool - Term | \$ 13,700,000 | \$ | - | No restrictions | None |

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2025:

| | Primary Government | Custodial Fund | Total |
|--|--|---------------------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted investments | \$ 36,860,199 80,514,083 107,203,317 | \$ 50,790 - - | \$ 36,910,989 80,514,083 107,203,317 |
| | \$ 224,577,599 | \$ 50,790 | \$ 224,628,389 |

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2024 | Reclassifications/ Additions | Reclassifications/ Deletions | Balance June 30, 2025 |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized | | | | |
| Land | \$ 4,431,691 | 41 556 100 | \$ - | \$ 4,431,691 |
| Construction in progress | 18,267,501 | 41,556,189 | 4,662,831 | 55,160,859 |
| Subtotal | 22,699,192 | 41,556,189 | 4,662,831 | 59,592,550 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized | | | | |
| Land improvements | 26,159,504 | 4,540,419 | 4,730,823 | 25,969,100 |
| Buildings and additions | 264,299,422 | 10,826,750 | 5,276,239 | 269,849,933 |
| Machinery and equipment | 21,615,820 | 1,407,085 | 1,734,176 | 21,288,729 |
| Right to use - leased equipment | 1,043,577 | 505,616 | 474,629 | 1,074,564 |
| Right to use - subscription-based IT | 1,093,218 | 208,400 | 847,618 | 454,000 |
| Transportation equipment | 2,059,084 | 2,157,083 | 148,838 | 4,067,329 |
| Subtotal | 316,270,625 | 19,645,353 | 13,212,323 | 322,703,655 |
| Accumulated depreciation/amortization | | | | |
| Land improvements | 16,058,928 | 789,037 | 4,559,249 | 12,288,716 |
| Buildings and additions | 94,403,556 | 4,386,976 | 3,613,164 | 95,177,368 |
| Machinery and equipment | 11,970,117 | 1,359,575 | 1,636,867 | 11,692,825 |
| Right to use - leased equipment | 383,065 | 364,923 | 474,629 | 273,359 |
| Right to use - subscription-based IT | 803,106 | 289,495 | 847,618 | 244,983 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,181,962 | 149,230 | 148,838 | 1,182,354 |
| Subtotal | 124,800,734 | 7,339,236 | 11,280,365 | 120,859,605 |
| | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| Total capital assets being | | | | |
| depreciated/amortized, net | 191,469,891 | 12,306,117 | 1,931,958 | 201,844,050 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 214,169,083 | \$ 53,862,306 | \$ 6,594,789 | \$ 261,436,600 |

Depreciation/amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 amounted to \$7,339,236.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

| Instruction | \$ 2,166,253 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Support service | 3,373,246 |
| Food service | 92,834 |
| Unallocated | 1,706,903 |
| | |
| | \$ 7,339,236 |

NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2025 consist of the following:

| | Governmental |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Funds |
| Other governmental units | |
| State aid | \$ 20,610,759 |
| Federal | 4,586,518 |
| Other | 893,894 |
| | |
| | \$ 26,091,171 |

Amounts due from other governmental units include amounts due from federal, state, and local sources for various projects and programs.

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary based on previous experience.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025:

| | Sel | f-insured | Co | mpensated | | | Direct | |
|---------------------------|-----|-----------|----|------------|----------------|----|-----------|----------------|
| | W | orkers' | Ab | sences and | General | В | orrowing | |
| | Com | pensation | T | ermination | Obligation | aı | nd Direct | |
| | | Plan | | Benefits* | Bonds | P | lacement | Total |
| Balance, July 1, 2024, | | | | | | | | |
| as restated | \$ | 40,181 | \$ | 6,143,870 | \$ 160,932,610 | \$ | 729,623 | \$ 167,846,284 |
| Additions | | - | | - | 71,720,872 | | 505,616 | 72,226,488 |
| Deletions | | 4,380 | | 107,817 | 8,459,211 | | 414,297 | 8,985,705 |
| Balance, June 30, 2025 | | 35,801 | | 6,036,053 | 224,194,271 | | 820,942 | 231,087,067 |
| Due within one year | | | | 1,437,337 | 5,910,000 | | 235,723 | 7,583,060 |
| Due in more than one year | \$ | 35,801 | \$ | 4,598,716 | \$ 218,284,271 | \$ | 585,219 | \$ 223,504,007 |

^{*} The change in compensated absences and termination benefits liability is presented as a net change.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2025 are comprised of the following issues:

General Obligation Bonds

| 2025 general obligation bond issuance due in annual installments of \$1,270,000 to \$3,685,000 through May 1, 2047, with interest at 5.00%. | \$ 67,500,000 |
|---|------------------------|
| 2022 energy bond issuance due in annual installments of \$615,000 to \$1,065,000 through May 1, 2038, with interest at 4.00% to 5.00% . | 10,585,000 |
| 2022 general obligation bond issuance due in annual installments of \$350,000 to \$3,825,000 through May 1, 2047, with interest at 5.00%. | 46,000,000 |
| 2019 general obligation bond issuance due in annual installments of \$1,950,000 to \$2,525,000 through May 1, 2041, with interest at 5.00% . | 35,400,000 |
| 2016 general obligation bond issuance due in annual installments of \$1,725,000 to \$3,525,000 through May 1, 2041, with interest at 5.00% . | 40,900,000 |
| Plus issuance premium | 23,809,271 |
| | |
| Total general obligation bonds | 224,194,271 |
| Total general obligation bonds <u>Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement</u> | 224,194,271 |
| | 224,194,271 378,319 |
| <u>Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement</u> District-wide copier lease due in monthly installments of \$12,294 through March | |
| Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement District-wide copier lease due in monthly installments of \$12,294 through March 30, 2028, with imputed interest at 5.00%. Print shop copier lease due in monthly installments of \$9,994 through July 1, | 378,319 |
| Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement District-wide copier lease due in monthly installments of \$12,294 through March 30, 2028, with imputed interest at 5.00%. Print shop copier lease due in monthly installments of \$9,994 through July 1, 2029, with imputed interest at 4.00%. | 378,319 442,623 |

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$820,942 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make and assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations exclusive of compensated absences and termination benefits and workers' compensation claims as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

| | General Obligation Bonds | | | rowing and lacement | Compensated Absences and | Workers' | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Termination Benefits | Compensation Claims | Total |
| 2026 | \$ 5,910,000 | \$ 9,486,800 | \$ 235,723 | \$ 31,737 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 15,664,260 |
| 2027 | 6,635,000 | 9,703,700 | 246,697 | 20,762 | - | - | 16,606,159 |
| 2028 | 7,160,000 | 9,378,350 | 221,153 | 9,423 | - | - | 16,768,926 |
| 2029 | 7,955,000 | 9,027,050 | 117,369 | 2,559 | - | - | 17,101,978 |
| 2030 | 8,625,000 | 8,636,250 | - | - | - | - | 17,261,250 |
| 2031 - 2035 | 49,600,000 | 36,286,750 | - | - | - | - | 85,886,750 |
| 2036 - 2040 | 59,195,000 | 22,740,500 | - | - | - | - | 81,935,500 |
| 2041 - 2045 | 40,460,000 | 9,281,750 | - | - | - | - | 49,741,750 |
| 2046 - 2047 | 14,845,000 | 1,117,750 | | | | | 15,962,750 |
| | 200,385,000 | 115,658,900 | 820,942 | 64,481 | - | - | 316,929,323 |
| Issuance premium Compensated absences and | 23,809,271 | - | - | - | - | - | 23,809,271 |
| termination benefits | - | - | - | - | 6,036,053 | - | 6,036,053 |
| Workers' compensation claims | | | | | | 35,801 | 35,801 |
| | \$ 224,194,271 | \$ 115,658,900 | \$ 820,942 | \$ 64,481 | \$ 6,036,053 | \$ 35,801 | \$ 346,810,448 |

Interest expense (all funds) for the year ended June 30, 2025 was approximately \$7,356,000.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund payable and receivable balances at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

| Receivable Fund | | Payable Fund | | |
|---|----------|--------------------|---|---|
| 2022 energy bond Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ 16 | 7,939 5,141,576 | General fund 2022 capital projects fund 2025 capital projects fund Nonmajor governmental funds | \$ 15,555,737 198,254 54,529 340,995 |
| | \$ 16 | 5,149,515 | | \$ 16,149,515 |

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All amounts are expected to be repaid within the year.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

| <u>Plan Name</u> | <u>Plan Type</u> | <u>Plan Status</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Basic | Defined Benefit | Closed |
| Member Investment Plan (MIP) | Defined Benefit | Closed |
| Pension Plus | Hybrid | Closed |
| Pension Plus 2 | Hybrid | Open |
| Defined Contribution | Defined Contribution | Open |

Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010, and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

 $\underline{\text{Option 1}}$ - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- ➤ Basic Plan Members: 4% contribution
- > Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus Members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 3 - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

Option 4 - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution Plan that provides a 50% employer match (up to 3% of salary) on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus Plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018, and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 Plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 Plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 Plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

New employees hired between February 1, 2018, and June 30, 2024, are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus 2 Plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 Plan and become a qualified participant to the DC Plan; if no election is made they will default to the DC Plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 Plan, their participation in the DC Plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

Pension Reform of 2023

On November 29, 2023, the Governor signed Public Act 250 of 2023 into law. New employees hired after June 30, 2024, are automatically enrolled as members in the Pension Plus 2 Plan as of their date of hire. They have 75 days from the last day of their first pay period, as reported to ORS, to elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 Plan and become a qualified participant in the DC Plan; if no election is made they will remain in the Pension Plus 2 Plan. If they elect to opt out of the Pension Plus 2 Plan, their participation in the DC Plan will be retroactive to their date of hire.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

Eligibility - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution Plan are not required to make additional contributions.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, were determined as of the September 30, 2021, actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2021, are amortized over a 15-year period beginning October 1, 2023, and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

| | | Other |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | Postemployment |
| | Pension | Benefit |
| | | |
| October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025 | 20.96% - 30.11% | 0.00% - 1.25% |
| October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024 | 13.90% - 23.03% | 7.06% - 8.31% |

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$32,490,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$31,007,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$1,483,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$1,221,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$391,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$830,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

| MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers September 30, | | Se | ptember 30, 2023 |
|--|-------------------|----|------------------|
| | | | |
| Total pension liability | \$ 95,765,499,515 | \$ | 94,947,828,557 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | \$ 71,283,482,728 | \$ | 62,581,762,238 |
| Net pension liability | \$ 24,482,016,787 | \$ | 32,366,066,319 |
| Proportionate share | 0.70694% | | 0.67770% |
| Net pension liability for the District | \$ 173,073,258 | \$ | 219,343,527 |

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,605,704.

At June 30, 2025, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Changes of assumptions | \$ 18,043,913 | \$ 12,680,796 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 33,029,714 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 4,695,599 | 1,880,465 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 6,851,940 | 9,980,350 |
| Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 27,951,013 | |
| | \$ 57,542,465 | \$ 57,571,325 |

\$27,951,013, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended | |
|------------|-----------------|
| June 30, | Amount |
| | |
| 2026 | \$ (8,514,400) |
| 2027 | (224,072) |
| 2028 | (11,482,444) |
| 2029 | (7,758,957) |
| | |
| | \$ (27,979,873) |

OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

| MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers | | September 30, 2024 | | September 30, 2023 | |
|---|----------|---------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total other postemployment benefits liability Plan fiduciary net position | \$ \$ | 9,991,545,923 14,295,943,589 | \$ \$ | 11,223,648,949 11,789,347,341 | |
| Net other postemployment benefits liability (asset) Proportionate share | \$ | (4,304,397,666) 0.73011% | \$ | (565,698,392) 0.68954% | |
| Net other postemployment benefits liability (asset) for the District | \$ | (31,426,631) | \$ | (3,900,693) | |

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$11,842,497.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Liabilities (Asset), OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2025, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred | Deferred |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| | Resources | Resources |
| Changes of assumptions | \$ 6,864,028 | \$ 788,963 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on other postemployment benefits plan investments | - | 5,949,422 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | 33,302,632 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 1,418,568 | 3,170,628 |
| Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 101,891 | |
| | \$ 8,384,487 | \$ 43,211,645 |

\$101,891, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from district employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ended | |
|--|--|
| June 30, | Amount |
| 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 | \$ (11,696,291) (7,094,614) (6,920,718) (5,711,755) (2,953,485) (552,186) |
| | \$ (34,929,049) |
| | Ψ (01,727,017) |

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return for Pension - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2 Plan groups.

Investment Rate of Return for OPEB - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary Increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%.

Mortality Assumptions -

Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-2021 adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale from 2010.

Disabled Retirees: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Experience Study - Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023, valuation.

The Long-term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments - The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan), and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit - Pre 65, 7.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2024, and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Investment Category | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return* |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Domestic Equity Pools | 25.0% | 5.3% |
| International Equity Pools | 15.0% | 6.5% |
| Private Equity Pools | 16.0% | 9.0% |
| Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools | 10.0% | 7.1% |
| Fixed Income Pools | 13.0% | 2.2% |
| Absolute Return Pools | 9.0% | 5.2% |
| Real Return/Opportunistic Pools | 10.0% | 6.9% |
| Short Term Investment Pools | 2.0% | 1.4% |
| | 100.0% | |

^{*}Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 15.47% and 15.45%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

OPEB Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | Pension | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate | | | |
| share of the net pension liability | \$ 253,727,255 | \$ 173,073,258 | \$ 105,913,287 |
| | | | |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| Other Postemployment Benefits | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ (24,286,760) | \$ (31,426,631) | \$ (37,599,805) | | | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease | 1% Decrease Discount Rate | | | | | | |

Sensitivity to the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | Other Postemployment Benefits | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Current | | | | | | | |
| | 1% Trend Healthcare Cost 1% 7 | | | | | | | |
| | Decrease | Trend Rates | Increase | | | | | |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment | | | | | | | | |
| benefits liability/(asset) | \$ (37,599,872) | \$ (31,426,631) | \$ (24,805,865) | | | | | |

NOTE 7 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

NOTE 8 - TRANSFERS

The general fund transferred \$5,484,584 to the nonmajor funds, and the nonmajor funds transferred \$87,153 to the general fund. The general fund transfer of \$1,117,000 to the nonmajor debt service funds was for future debt service payments. The general fund transfer of \$4,367,584 to the nonmajor capital projects funds was for future capital acquisitions. The transfer from the nonmajor food service fund to the general fund was to reimburse indirect costs.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

A self-funded health insurance program was approved by the Board of Education and implemented for all personnel. All plans have limits on amounts for expenditures that will be reimbursed. This program is recorded in the general fund. The District has estimated, and recorded, a liability for any incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) claims on the statement of net position.

NOTE 11 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District is required to disclose significant tax abatements as required by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatements*.

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages, and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

| Municipality | Taxes Abated |
|--|------------------------------|
| City of Lansing East Lansing DeWitt Charter Township | \$ 6,372,429 3,037 644 |
| | \$ 6,376,110 |

The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's Section 22 Funding of the State School Aid Act.

There are no abatements made by the District.

NOTE 12 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences.

Summary: This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 13 - ADJUSTMENTS TO BEGINNING NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2025, changes to beginning net position is as follows:

| | Reporting Unit |
|--|-----------------|
| | Affected by |
| | Adjustment to |
| | and |
| | Restatement of |
| | Beginning |
| | Balance |
| | Governmental |
| | Activities |
| | Net Position |
| Balance as of July 1, 2024, as previously stated | \$ (39,058,777) |
| Adoption of GASB Statement 101 | (3,301,451) |
| Balance as of July 1, 2024, as restated | \$ (42,360,228) |

NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements - or modifies existing requirements - related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary.
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
 - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;

NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement No. 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*, also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class. This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | Original Budget | Final | Actual | Variance with Final Budget |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| REVENUES | buuget | Budget | Actual | rillai buuget |
| Local sources | \$ 33,671,000 | \$ 35,350,000 | \$ 35,757,560 | \$ 407,560 |
| State sources | 137,013,000 | 172,307,000 | 138,390,707 | (33,916,293) |
| Federal sources | 37,173,000 | 41,411,000 | 32,234,371 | (9,176,629) |
| Incoming transfers | 19,040,000 | 20,355,000 | 20,298,715 | (56,285) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 226,897,000 | 269,423,000 | 226,681,353 | (42,741,647) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Instruction | 70,513,000 | 63,255,000 | 63,094,546 | 160,454 |
| Basic programs Added needs | 38,114,000 | 37,605,000 | 35,921,014 | 1,683,986 |
| Adult and continuing education | 1,941,000 | 1,184,000 | 1,061,799 | 122,201 |
| | | | | |
| Total instruction | 110,568,000 | 102,044,000 | 100,077,359 | 1,966,641 |
| Supporting services | | | | |
| Pupil | 23,083,000 | 22,204,000 | 20,076,474 | 2,127,526 |
| Instructional staff | 21,929,000 | 20,050,000 | 18,166,535 | 1,883,465 |
| General administration | 1,788,000 | 1,957,000 | 1,993,208 | (36,208) |
| School administration | 10,939,000 | 9,922,000 | 9,922,868 | (868) |
| Business | 6,465,000 | 5,441,000 | 4,362,550 | 1,078,450 |
| Operation and maintenance Pupil transportation | 26,019,000 | 24,804,000 | 24,378,977 | 425,023 |
| Central | 13,383,000 11,208,000 | 20,683,000 10,526,000 | 14,536,264 10,206,155 | 6,146,736 319,845 |
| Other | 3,133,000 | 2,691,000 | 2,530,434 | 160,566 |
| Other | 3,133,000 | 2,071,000 | 2,330,434 | 100,300 |
| Total supporting services | 117,947,000 | 118,278,000 | 106,173,465 | 12,104,535 |
| Community service activities | 2,749,000 | 3,083,000 | 2,752,292 | 330,708 |
| Capital outlay | 3,386,000 | 47,014,000 | 17,738,387 | 29,275,613 |
| Debt service | | | | |
| Principal payments | _ | _ | 414,297 | (414,297) |
| Interest | - | - | 44,155 | (44,155) |
| Total debt service | | | 458,452 | (458,452) |
| 10441 4050 501 1100 | | | 100,102 | (100,102) |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 234,650,000 | 270,419,000 | 227,199,955 | 43,219,045 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (7,753,000) | (996,000) | (518,602) | 477,398 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Proceeds from leased equipment | - | - | 505,616 | 505,616 |
| Transfers in | 95,000 | 90,000 | 87,153 | (2,847) |
| Transfers out | (2,270,000) | (5,485,000) | (5,484,584) | 416 |
| | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | (2.475.000) | (5.005.000) | (4.004.045) | 500.405 |
| SOURCES (USES) | (2,175,000) | (5,395,000) | (4,891,815) | 503,185 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (9,928,000) | \$ (6,391,000) | (5,410,417) | \$ 980,583 |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | 57,530,937 | |
| | | | 71 | |
| End of year | | | \$ 52,120,520 | |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%) | 0.70694% | 0.67770% | 0.71063% | 0.73553% | 0.76047% | 0.77243% | 0.75929% | 0.79100% | 0.82789% | 0.84886% |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability | \$ 173,073,258 | \$ 219,343,527 | \$ 267,260,278 | \$ 174,093,564 | \$ 261,231,339 | \$ 255,804,289 | \$ 228,255,569 | \$ 204,982,644 | \$ 206,552,440 | \$ 207,334,790 |
| Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll | \$ 78,096,173 | \$ 70,249,897 | \$ 69,158,364 | \$ 67,972,258 | \$ 66,762,148 | \$ 67,602,581 | \$ 65,473,081 | \$ 66,264,359 | \$ 69,148,387 | \$ 68,735,453 |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 221.62% | 312.23% | 386.45% | 256.12% | 391.29% | 378.39% | 348.63% | 309.34% | 298.71% | 301.64% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers) | 74.44% | 65.91% | 60.77% | 72.60% | 59.72% | 60.31% | 62.36% | 64.21% | 63.27% | 63.17% |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

| | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Statutorily required pension contributions | \$ 31,007,430 | \$ 28,884,252 | \$ 31,060,969 | \$ 23,963,039 | \$ 21,769,413 | \$ 20,510,124 | \$ 20,263,330 | \$ 20,539,647 | \$ 18,774,913 | \$ 18,367,571 |
| Pension contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions | 31,007,430 | 28,884,252 | 31,060,969 | 23,963,039 | 21,769,413 | 20,510,124 | 20,263,330 | 20,539,647 | 18,774,913 | 18,367,571 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll (pension) | \$ 79,853,071 | \$ 75,958,234 | \$ 69,386,648 | \$ 65,949,125 | \$ 67,609,692 | \$ 68,129,766 | \$ 66,125,706 | \$ 65,494,078 | \$ 69,583,666 | \$ 66,526,238 |
| Pension contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 38.83% | 38.03% | 44.77% | 36.34% | 32.20% | 30.10% | 30.64% | 31.36% | 26.98% | 27.61% |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S

PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Reporting Unit's proportion of net other postemployment benefits liability (asset) % | 0.73011% | 0.68954% | 0.67242% | 0.74943% | 0.75522% | 0.77555% | 0.72836% | 0.79167% |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits liability (asset) | \$ (31,426,631) | \$ (3,900,693) | \$ 14,242,342 | \$ 11,439,165 | \$ 40,459,348 | \$ 55,667,077 | \$ 57,896,761 | \$ 70,106,536 |
| Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll | \$ 78,096,173 | \$ 70,249,897 | \$ 69,158,364 | \$ 67,972,258 | \$ 66,762,148 | \$ 67,602,581 | \$ 65,473,081 | \$ 66,264,359 |
| Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits liability/asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 40.24% | 5.55% | 20.59% | 16.83% | 60.60% | 82.34% | 88.43% | 105.80% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total postemployment benefits liability (Non-university employers) | 143.08% | 105.04% | 83.09% | 87.33% | 59.44% | 48.46% | 42.95% | 36.39% |

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

| | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2022 2021 | | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Statutorily required other postemployment benefits contributions | \$ 391,021 | \$ 6,264,860 | \$ 5,684,427 | \$ 5,372,636 | \$ 5,850,062 | \$ 5,649,373 | \$ 5,599,211 | \$ 5,750,215 |
| Other postemployment benefits contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions | 391,021 | 6,264,860 | 5,684,427 | 5,372,636 | 5,850,062 | 5,649,373 | 5,599,211 | 5,750,215 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll (OPEB) | \$ 79,853,071 | \$ 75,958,234 | \$ 69,386,648 | \$ 65,949,125 | \$ 67,609,692 | \$ 68,129,766 | \$ 66,125,706 | \$ 65,494,078 |
| Other postemployment benefit contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 0.49% | 8.25% | 8.19% | 8.15% | 8.65% | 8.29% | 8.47% | 8.78% |

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 - PENSION INFORMATION

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of benefit assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- > 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- ➤ 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- ➤ 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- ➤ 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017.
- ➤ 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of benefit assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- ➤ 2024 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage points for members over 65.
- ➤ 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2022, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage point for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION (continued)

Changes in Assumptions (continued)

- ➤ 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.
- ➤ 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 6. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- ➤ 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points and actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- ➤ 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- ➤ 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017, actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2025

| | Special | | | Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Revenue Fund | Debt | Capital | Nonmajor |
| | Food | Service | Projects | Governmental |
| | Service Fund | Funds | Funds | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Investments | \$ - | \$ 1,595,438 | \$ 613,793 | \$ 2,209,231 |
| Accounts receivable | 3,429 | 19,423 | 16,173 | 39,025 |
| Intergovernmental | 141,000 | = | = | 141,000 |
| Due from other funds | 4,775,017 | 385,100 | 10,981,459 | 16,141,576 |
| Inventories | 61,116 | = | = | 61,116 |
| Prepaids | 12,623 | 1,500 | 176,983 | 191,106 |
| Restricted investments - capital projects | | | 11,387,209 | 11,387,209 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 4,993,185 | \$ 2,001,461 | \$ 23,175,617 | \$ 30,170,263 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 373,721 | \$ - | \$ 4,300,248 | \$ 4,673,969 |
| Due to other funds | | | 340,995 | 340,995 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 373,721 | | 4,641,243 | 5,014,964 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | |
| Inventories | 61,116 | - | - | 61,116 |
| Prepaids | 12,623 | 1,500 | 176,983 | 191,106 |
| Restricted | , | , | , | , |
| Debt service | - | 1,999,961 | - | 1,999,961 |
| Capital projects | - | - | 7,241,452 | 7,241,452 |
| Food service | 4,545,725 | - | - | 4,545,725 |
| Assigned | | | 11,115,939 | 11,115,939 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 4,619,464 | 2,001,461 | 18,534,374 | 25,155,299 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 4,993,185 | \$ 2,001,461 | \$ 23,175,617 | \$ 30,170,263 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | Special Revenue Fund Food | Debt Service | Capital Projects | Total Nonmajor Governmental |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| REVENUES | Service Fund | Funds | Funds | Funds |
| Local sources | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ 13,660,159 | \$ 9,410,938 | \$ 23,071,097 |
| Investment earnings | - | 318,233 | 481,320 | 799,553 |
| Food sales | 275,905 | - | 425.260 | 275,905 |
| Other | 13,685 | | 135,268 | 148,953 |
| Total local sources | 289,590 | 13,978,392 | 10,027,526 | 24,295,508 |
| State sources | 359,417 | 95,747 | 57,911 | 513,075 |
| Federal sources | 9,047,663 | | | 9,047,663 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 9,696,670 | 14,074,139 | 10,085,437 | 33,856,246 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current Food service activities | 10,050,154 | | | 10.050.154 |
| Capital outlay | 10,050,154 | - - | 15,291,310 | 10,050,154 15,291,310 |
| Debt service | | | 15,271,510 | 13,271,310 |
| Principal payments | - | 7,315,000 | - | 7,315,000 |
| Interest | - | 6,977,900 | - | 6,977,900 |
| Other | | 2,000 | | 2,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 10,050,154 | 14,294,900 | 15,291,310 | 39,636,364 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (353,484) | (220,761) | (5,205,873) | (5,780,118) |
| | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers in | - (05.452) | 1,117,000 | 4,367,584 | 5,484,584 |
| Transfers out | (87,153) | | | (87,153) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | |
| SOURCES (USES) | (87,153) | 1,117,000 | 4,367,584 | 5,397,431 |
| , , | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (440,637) | 896,239 | (838,289) | (382,687) |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 5,060,101 | 1,105,222 | 19,372,663 | 25,537,986 |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | , , , , , , , , | | |
| End of year | \$ 4,619,464 | \$ 2,001,461 | \$ 18,534,374 | \$ 25,155,299 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2025

| | | 2022 | 2022 | 2019 | | 2016 | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|----------|---------------|---------------|------|---------|------|----------|
| | Ene | rgy Bond | Debt | Debt | Debt | | | Totals |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Investments | \$ | 62,286 | \$ 857,360 | \$ 151,348 | \$ | 524,444 | \$ 1 | ,595,438 |
| Accounts receivable | | = | 8,243 | 5,685 | | 5,495 | | 19,423 |
| Due from other funds | | 300 | 130,829 | 216,576 | | 37,395 | | 385,100 |
| Prepaids | | - | 500 | 500 | | 500 | | 1,500 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 62,586 | \$ 996,932 | \$ 374,109 | \$ | 567,834 | \$ 2 | ,001,461 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | | | |
| Prepaids | \$ | = | \$ 500 | \$ 500 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 1,500 |
| Restricted for debt service | | 62,586 | 996,432 | 373,609 | | 567,334 | 1 | ,999,961 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | \$ | 62,586 | \$ 996,932 | \$ 374,109 | \$ | 567,834 | \$ 2 | ,001,461 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | 2022 | 2022 | 2019 | 2016 | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | Energy Bond | Debt | Debt | Debt | Totals |
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Local sources | dr. | ф г 700 (02 | d 2 002 40 <i>6</i> | ф 2 07 C 07 1 | d 12 ((0 1 5 0 |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ 5,790,602 | \$ 3,993,486 | \$ 3,876,071 | \$ 13,660,159 |
| Investment earnings State sources | 29,646 | 134,052 95,747 | 70,644 | 83,891 | 318,233 95,747 |
| State sources | | 73,747 | | | 73,747 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 29,646 | 6,020,401 | 4,064,130 | 3,959,962 | 14,074,139 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Principal payments | 590,000 | 3,150,000 | 1,925,000 | 1,650,000 | 7,315,000 |
| Interest | 526,650 | 2,457,500 | 1,866,250 | 2,127,500 | 6,977,900 |
| Other | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 2,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1,117,150 | 5,608,000 | 3,791,750 | 3,778,000 | 14,294,900 |
| | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (1,087,504) | 412,401 | 272,380 | 181,962 | (220,761) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,117,000 | | | | 1,117,000 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 29,496 | 412,401 | 272,380 | 181,962 | 896,239 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 33,090 | 584,531 | 101,729 | 385,872 | 1,105,222 |
| | | | | | |
| End of year | \$ 62,586 | \$ 996,932 | \$ 374,109 | \$ 567,834 | \$ 2,001,461 |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2025

| | Capital | Sinking | Replacement | Sale of Assets | Totals | |
|---|--------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| | Projects | Fund | Fund | Fund | | |
| ASSETS | | | d (40 500 | | d (40 500 | |
| Investments | \$ | - \$ - | \$ 613,793 | \$ - | \$ 613,793 | |
| Accounts receivable | 0.625.50 | - 16,173 | 200 222 | 4 425 620 | 16,173 | |
| Due from other funds | 9,637,599 | - | 208,232 | 1,135,628 | 10,981,459 | |
| Prepaids | | - 11 207 200 | 176,983 | - | 176,983 | |
| Restricted investments - capital projects | | - 11,387,209 | | · | 11,387,209 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 9,637,599 | \$ 11,403,382 | \$ 999,008 | \$ 1,135,628 | \$ 23,175,617 | |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 460,202 | 2 \$ 3,820,935 | \$ 19,111 | \$ - | \$ 4,300,248 | |
| Due to other funds | | - 340,995 | - | - | 340,995 | |
| | | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 460,202 | 4,161,930 | 19,111 | - | 4,641,243 | |
| FUND BALANCES Nonspendable | | | | | | |
| Prepaids | | | 176,983 | _ | 176,983 | |
| Restricted for capital projects | | - 7,241,452 | - | _ | 7,241,452 | |
| Assigned for capital projects | 9,177,397 | | 802,914 | 1,135,628 | 11,115,939 | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 9,177,397 | 7 7,241,452 | 979,897 | 1,135,628 | 18,534,374 | |
| TOTAL TOTAL DILLINGLO | 7,111,07 | 7,211,132 | 27,077 | 1,100,020 | 10,001,071 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 9,637,599 | \$ 11,403,382 | \$ 999,008 | \$ 1,135,628 | \$ 23,175,617 | |

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

| | Capital Projects | Sinking Fund | Replacement Fund | Sale of Assets Fund | Totals |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Local revenue | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ 9,410,938 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 9,410,938 |
| Investment earnings | - | 481,320 | - | - | 481,320 |
| Other | 135,268 | | | | 135,268 |
| Total local revenue | 135,268 | 9,892,258 | - | - | 10,027,526 |
| State revenue | | 57,911 | | | 57,911 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 135,268 | 9,950,169 | | | 10,085,437 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | 6,362,798 | 6,632,232 | 1,296,280 | 1,000,000 | 15,291,310 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (6,227,530) | 3,317,937 | (1,296,280) | (1,000,000) | (5,205,873) |
| 0,211 (0112211) 2111 211211 01120 | (0)227,000) | 0,011,101 | (1)2 > 0)2 0 0) | (1)000,000 | (0,200,0.0) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 3,486,030 | | 881,554 | | 4,367,584 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (2,741,500) | 3,317,937 | (414,726) | (1,000,000) | (838,289) |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 11,918,897 | 3,923,515 | 1,394,623 | 2,135,628 | 19,372,663 |
| End of year | \$ 9,177,397 | \$ 7,241,452 | \$ 979,897 | \$ 1,135,628 | \$ 18,534,374 |

2025 (2022 Series II) Building and Site Bonds

| | | | Intere | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| D. 147 | | Principal Due | | | Total Due |
| Fiscal Year | Interest Rate | May 1 | May 1 | November 1 | Annually |
| 2026 | 5.000% | \$ 1,270,000 | \$ 1,687,500 | \$ 1,181,250 | \$ 4,138,750 |
| 2027 | 5.000% | 1,370,000 | 1,655,750 | 1,655,750 | 4,681,500 |
| 2028 | 5.000% | 1,690,000 | 1,621,500 | 1,621,500 | 4,933,000 |
| 2029 | 5.000% | 2,235,000 | 1,579,250 | 1,579,250 | 5,393,500 |
| 2030 | 5.000% | 2,625,000 | 1,523,375 | 1,523,375 | 5,671,750 |
| 2031 | 5.000% | 2,745,000 | 1,457,750 | 1,457,750 | 5,660,500 |
| 2032 | 5.000% | 2,885,000 | 1,389,125 | 1,389,125 | 5,663,250 |
| 2033 | 5.000% | 2,885,000 | 1,317,000 | 1,317,000 | 5,519,000 |
| 2034 | 5.000% | 3,035,000 | 1,244,875 | 1,244,875 | 5,524,750 |
| 2035 | 5.000% | 3,185,000 | 1,169,000 | 1,169,000 | 5,523,000 |
| 2036 | 5.000% | 3,355,000 | 1,089,375 | 1,089,375 | 5,533,750 |
| 2037 | 5.000% | 3,625,000 | 1,005,500 | 1,005,500 | 5,636,000 |
| 2038 | 5.000% | 3,625,000 | 914,875 | 914,875 | 5,454,750 |
| 2039 | 5.000% | 3,640,000 | 824,250 | 824,250 | 5,288,500 |
| 2040 | 5.000% | 3,650,000 | 733,250 | 733,250 | 5,116,500 |
| 2041 | 5.000% | 3,655,000 | 642,000 | 642,000 | 4,939,000 |
| 2042 | 5.000% | 3,655,000 | 550,625 | 550,625 | 4,756,250 |
| 2043 | 5.000% | 3,660,000 | 459,250 | 459,250 | 4,578,500 |
| 2044 | 5.000% | 3,660,000 | 367,750 | 367,750 | 4,395,500 |
| 2045 | 5.000% | 3,680,000 | 276,250 | 276,250 | 4,232,500 |
| 2046 | 5.000% | 3,685,000 | 184,250 | 184,250 | 4,053,500 |
| 2047 | 5.000% | 3,685,000 | 92,125 | 92,125 | 3,869,250 |
| Total 2025 bond | ed debt | \$ 67,500,000 | \$ 21,784,625 | \$ 21,278,375 | \$110,563,000 |

The above bonds dated June 25, 2025, were issued for the purpose of erecting, furnishing, and equipping new school buildings; remodeling existing school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for new and existing school buildings; furnishing and refurnishing and equipping and re-equipping existing school buildings; and developing, equipping, and improving playgrounds, play fields, athletic fields and facilities, parking areas, driveways and sites; and paying the cost of issuing the Bonds.

2022 Energy Bond

| | | | Interes | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | Principal Due | | | Total Due |
| Fiscal Year | Interest Rate | May 1 | May 1 | November 1 | Annually |
| | | | | | |
| 2026 | 4.000% | \$ 615,000 | \$ 251,525 | \$ 251,525 | \$ 1,118,050 |
| 2027 | 4.000% | 640,000 | 239,225 | 239,225 | 1,118,450 |
| 2028 | 4.000% | 670,000 | 226,425 | 226,425 | 1,122,850 |
| 2029 | 4.000% | 695,000 | 213,025 | 213,025 | 1,121,050 |
| 2030 | 5.000% | 725,000 | 199,125 | 199,125 | 1,123,250 |
| 2031 | 5.000% | 760,000 | 181,000 | 181,000 | 1,122,000 |
| 2032 | 5.000% | 795,000 | 162,000 | 162,000 | 1,119,000 |
| 2033 | 5.000% | 835,000 | 142,125 | 142,125 | 1,119,250 |
| 2034 | 5.000% | 880,000 | 121,250 | 121,250 | 1,122,500 |
| 2035 | 5.000% | 920,000 | 99,250 | 99,250 | 1,118,500 |
| 2036 | 5.000% | 970,000 | 76,250 | 76,250 | 1,122,500 |
| 2037 | 5.000% | 1,015,000 | 52,000 | 52,000 | 1,119,000 |
| 2038 | 5.000% | 1,065,000 | 26,625 | 26,625 | 1,118,250 |
| | | | | | |
| Total 2022 bonde | ed debt | \$ 10,585,000 | \$ 1,989,825 | \$ 1,989,825 | \$ 14,564,650 |

The above bond dated December 21, 2022, was issued with the purpose to help with energy conservation improvements, including but not limited to building envelope improvements; heating, ventilating and cooling upgrades; lighting retrofits and improvements; installation and upgrades of energy management systems; motor, pump and fan replacements; domestic water use reductions; information technology improvements associated with school energy conservation improvements; asbestos abatement; and upgrades of other energy consuming equipment and appliances.

2022 Series I Building and Site Bonds

| | | | Intere | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Interest Rate | Principal Due May 1 | May 1 | November 1 | Total Due Annually |
| 2026 | 5.000% | \$ 350,000 | \$ 1,150,000 | \$ 1,150,000 | \$ 2,650,000 |
| 2027 | 5.000% | 825,000 | 1,141,250 | 1,141,250 | 3,107,500 |
| 2028 | 5.000% | 875,000 | 1,120,625 | 1,120,625 | 3,116,250 |
| 2029 | 5.000% | 1,000,000 | 1,098,750 | 1,098,750 | 3,197,500 |
| 2030 | 5.000% | 1,125,000 | 1,073,750 | 1,073,750 | 3,272,500 |
| 2031 | 5.000% | 1,275,000 | 1,045,625 | 1,045,625 | 3,366,250 |
| 2032 | 5.000% | 1,375,000 | 1,013,750 | 1,013,750 | 3,402,500 |
| 2033 | 5.000% | 1,525,000 | 979,375 | 979,375 | 3,483,750 |
| 2034 | 5.000% | 1,650,000 | 941,250 | 941,250 | 3,532,500 |
| 2035 | 5.000% | 1,800,000 | 900,000 | 900,000 | 3,600,000 |
| 2036 | 5.000% | 1,925,000 | 855,000 | 855,000 | 3,635,000 |
| 2037 | 5.000% | 2,000,000 | 806,875 | 806,875 | 3,613,750 |
| 2038 | 5.000% | 2,100,000 | 756,875 | 756,875 | 3,613,750 |
| 2039 | 5.000% | 2,200,000 | 704,375 | 704,375 | 3,608,750 |
| 2040 | 5.000% | 2,400,000 | 649,375 | 649,375 | 3,698,750 |
| 2041 | 5.000% | 2,625,000 | 589,375 | 589,375 | 3,803,750 |
| 2042 | 5.000% | 3,200,000 | 523,750 | 523,750 | 4,247,500 |
| 2043 | 5.000% | 3,300,000 | 443,750 | 443,750 | 4,187,500 |
| 2044 | 5.000% | 3,425,000 | 361,250 | 361,250 | 4,147,500 |
| 2045 | 5.000% | 3,550,000 | 275,625 | 275,625 | 4,101,250 |
| 2046 | 5.000% | 3,650,000 | 186,875 | 186,875 | 4,023,750 |
| 2047 | 5.000% | 3,825,000 | 95,625 | 95,625 | 4,016,250 |
| Total 2022 bond | ed debt | \$ 46,000,000 | \$ 16,713,125 | \$ 16,713,125 | \$ 79,426,250 |

The above bonds dated June 28, 2022, were issued for the purpose of erecting, furnishing, and equipping new school buildings; remodeling existing school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for new and existing school buildings; furnishing and refurnishing and equipping and re-equipping existing school buildings; and developing, equipping, and improving playgrounds, play fields, athletic fields and facilities, parking areas, driveways and sites; and paying the cost of issuing the Bonds.

2019 Building and Site Bonds

| | | | Intere | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| D: 117 | I | Principal Due | N 1 | N 1 1 | Total Due |
| Fiscal Year | Interest Rate | May 1 | May 1 | November 1 | Annually |
| 2026 | 5.000% | \$ 1,950,000 | \$ 885,000 | \$ 885,000 | \$ 3,720,000 |
| 2027 | 5.000% | 1,975,000 | 836,250 | 836,250 | 3,647,500 |
| 2028 | 5.000% | 2,000,000 | 786,875 | 786,875 | 3,573,750 |
| 2029 | 5.000% | 2,025,000 | 736,875 | 736,875 | 3,498,750 |
| 2030 | 5.000% | 2,050,000 | 686,250 | 686,250 | 3,422,500 |
| 2031 | 5.000% | 2,075,000 | 635,000 | 635,000 | 3,345,000 |
| 2032 | 5.000% | 2,125,000 | 583,125 | 583,125 | 3,291,250 |
| 2033 | 5.000% | 2,175,000 | 530,000 | 530,000 | 3,235,000 |
| 2034 | 5.000% | 2,225,000 | 475,625 | 475,625 | 3,176,250 |
| 2035 | 5.000% | 2,275,000 | 420,000 | 420,000 | 3,115,000 |
| 2036 | 5.000% | 2,325,000 | 363,125 | 363,125 | 3,051,250 |
| 2037 | 5.000% | 2,350,000 | 305,000 | 305,000 | 2,960,000 |
| 2038 | 5.000% | 2,400,000 | 246,250 | 246,250 | 2,892,500 |
| 2039 | 5.000% | 2,450,000 | 186,250 | 186,250 | 2,822,500 |
| 2040 | 5.000% | 2,475,000 | 125,000 | 125,000 | 2,725,000 |
| 2041 | 5.000% | 2,525,000 | 63,125 | 63,125 | 2,651,250 |
| | | | | | |
| Total 2019 bond | ed debt | \$ 35,400,000 | \$ 7,863,750 | \$ 7,863,750 | \$ 51,127,500 |

The above bonds dated May 30, 2019, were issued for the purpose of remodeling, furnishing and refurnishing, and re-equipping school buildings, including security improvements and equipment; erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for school buildings; erecting, developing, improving, furnishing and equipping athletic facilities and fields; and developing and improving playgrounds, play fields, driveways, parking areas and sites; and paying the costs of issuing the Bonds.

2016 Building and Site Bonds

| 2027 5.000% 1,825,000 979,375 9 2028 5.000% 1,925,000 933,750 9 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 2026 5.000% \$ 1,725,000 \$ 1,022,500 \$ 1,0 2027 5.000% 1,825,000 979,375 9 2028 5.000% 1,925,000 933,750 9 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | Total Due |
| 2027 5.000% 1,825,000 979,375 9 2028 5.000% 1,925,000 933,750 9 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | ber 1 Annually |
| 2027 5.000% 1,825,000 979,375 9 2028 5.000% 1,925,000 933,750 9 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | |
| 2028 5.000% 1,925,000 933,750 9 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | 2,500 \$ 3,770,000 |
| 2029 5.000% 2,000,000 885,625 8 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | 79,375 3,783,750 |
| 2030 5.000% 2,100,000 835,625 8 | 3,750 3,792,500 |
| · · | 3,771,250 |
| 2031 5.000% 2.200.000 793.125 7 | 3,771,250 |
| 2031 3.00070 2,200,000 703,123 7 | 3,125 3,766,250 |
| 2032 5.000% 2,325,000 728,125 7 | 3,781,250 |
| 2033 5.000% 2,425,000 670,000 6 | 70,000 3,765,000 |
| 2034 5.000% 2,550,000 609,375 6 | 9,375 3,768,750 |
| 2035 5.000% 2,675,000 545,625 5 | 5,625 3,766,250 |
| 2036 5.000% 2,825,000 478,750 4 | 78,750 3,782,500 |
| 2037 5.000% 2,975,000 408,125 4 | 8,125 3,791,250 |
| 2038 5.000% 3,125,000 333,750 3 | 3,750 3,792,500 |
| 2039 5.000% 3,275,000 255,625 2 | 3,786,250 |
| 2040 5.000% 3,425,000 173,750 1 | 3,750 3,772,500 |
| 2041 5.000% 3,525,000 88,125 | 3,701,250 |
| Total 2016 bonded debt \$ 40,900,000 \$ 9,731,250 \$ 9,7 | \$1,250 \$ 60,362,500 |

The above bonds dated June 29, 2016, were issued for the purpose of remodeling, furnishing and refurnishing, and re-equipping school buildings, including security improvements and equipment; erecting, furnishing and equipping additions to school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for school buildings; erecting, developing, improving, furnishing and equipping athletic facilities and fields; and developing and improving playgrounds, play fields, driveways, parking areas and sites; and paying the costs of issuing the Bonds.



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517.323.6346

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lansing School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lansing School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 17, 2025



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October 17, 2025

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lansing School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Lansing School District' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted one matter involving internal control and other operational matters that is presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated October 17, 2025 on the financial statements of Lansing School District. We will review the status of this comment during our next audit engagement. Our comment and recommendation, which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control, or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss this comment in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of this matter, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comment is summarized as follows.

Food Service Fund Balance

Per Michigan Department of Education (MDE) guidelines, school food authorities (SFA) must operate food services on a nonprofit basis. We noted that the food service fund balance exceeded the three months operating expenditures allowed. MDE requires that the SFA spend down the excess by the end of the next school year. We recommend that Lansing School District develop a plan to spend down the excess by June 30, 2026 and submit the plan to MDE.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We appreciate the cooperation we received from your staff during our engagement and the opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerinan PC



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517.323.6346

October 17, 2025

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District for the year ended June 30, 2025. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Lansing School District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences*, during the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, the cumulative effects of the accounting changes are reported in the applicable financial statements and note disclosures. We noted no transactions entered into by Lansing School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's calculation of the depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful lives of the capital assets.

Management's calculation of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates, historical usage, and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.

The calculation of the net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources is based on an actuarial study which utilized certain actuarial assumptions.

The calculation of the net other post-employment benefits asset and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources is based upon an actuarial study which utilized certain actuarial assumptions.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these accounting estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 17, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Lansing School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Lansing School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the management and members of the Board of Education of Lansing School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerinan PC

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT

ADDITIONAL REPORTS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lansing School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to October 17, 2025.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

December 4, 2025

Manes Costerinan PC



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lansing School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lansing School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. Lansing School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lansing School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Lansing School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lansing School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Lansing School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Lansing School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Lansing School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Lansing School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Lansing School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Many Costerisan PC

December 4, 2025

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Grantor's Number | Approved Grant Award Amount | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2024 | (Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures | Current Year Expenditures | Current Year Cash Receipts | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2025 |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster Non-cash Assistance (donated foods) | | | | | | | | |
| National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | N/A | \$ 600,459 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 600,459 | \$ 600,459 | \$ - |
| Cash Assistance National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | 241960 251960 | 4,957,601 4,188,295 | | 4,180,889 | 776,712 4,188,295 | 776,712 4,188,295 | <u>-</u> |
| Total ALN 10.555 Cash Assistance | | | 9,145,896 | | 4,180,889 | 4,965,007 | 4,965,007 | |
| Total ALN 10.555 | | | 9,746,355 | | 4,180,889 | 5,565,466 | 5,565,466 | |
| School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | 241970 251970 | 2,785,277 2,112,706 | | 2,400,432 | 384,845 2,112,706 | 384,845 2,112,706 | |
| Total ALN 10.553 | | | 4,897,983 | | 2,400,432 | 2,497,551 | 2,497,551 | |
| Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children | 10.559 | 240900 250900 | 236,847 75,521 | 65,213 | 65,213 | 171,634 75,521 | 236,847 | - 75,521 |
| Total ALN 10.559 | | | 312,368 | 65,213 | 65,213 | 247,155 | 236,847 | 75,521 |
| Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program | 10.582 | 240950 250950 | 306,660 272,400 | 2,652 | 299,436 | 7,152 272,342 | 9,804 271,130 | 1,212 |
| Total ALN 10.582 | | | 579,060 | 2,652 | 299,436 | 279,494 | 280,934 | 1,212 |
| Total cash assistance | | | 14,935,307 | 67,865 | 6,945,970 | 7,989,207 | 7,980,339 | 76,733 |
| Total Child Nutrition Cluster | | | 15,535,766 | 67,865 | 6,945,970 | 8,589,666 | 8,580,798 | 76,733 |
| Child and Adult Food Program Child and Adult Food Program Child and Adult Food Program Child and Adult Food Program | 10.558 | 241920 251920 242010 252010 | 314,180 15,930 389,432 20,366 | 5,712 333 - | 262,777 13,089 - | 45,691 2,508 389,432 20,366 | 51,403 2,841 389,432 20,366 | - - - |
| Total ALN 10.558 | | | 739,908 | 6,045 | 275,866 | 457,997 | 464,042 | |
| Total U.S. Department of Agriculture | | | 16,275,674 | 73,910 | 7,221,836 | 9,047,663 | 9,044,840 | 76,733 |

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Grantor's Number | Approved Grant Award Amount | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2024 | (Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures | Current Year Expenditures | Current Year Cash Receipts | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2025 |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| <u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Direct Programs Indian Education - Grants to Local Education Agencies Indian Education - Grants to Local Education Agencies | 84.060A | S060A230962 S060A240962 | \$ 24,539 26,193 | \$ 153 | \$ 24,539 | \$ - 26,193 | \$ 153 25,883 | \$ - 310 |
| Total ALN 84.060A | | | 50,732 | 153 | 24,539 | 26,193 | 26,036 | 310 |
| Magnet Schools Assistance Magnet Schools Assistance Magnet Schools Assistance Magnet Schools Assistance | 84.165A | \$165A220015 \$165A220015 \$165A220015 \$165A220015 | 765,648 2,934,118 257,591 3,194,733 | 58,488 332,129 - | 466,518 2,209,777 - - | 299,130 724,341 234,158 2,442,295 | 357,618 1,056,470 234,158 2,167,994 | - - - 274,301 |
| Total ALN 84.165A | | | 7,152,090 | 390,617 | 2,676,295 | 3,699,924 | 3,816,240 | 274,301 |
| School Safety National Activities School Safety National Activities | 84.184G | S184G190342 S184G190342 | 139,904 749,574 | 18,015 93,622 | 137,023 533,844 | 2,203 126,539 | 20,218 220,161 | <u>-</u> |
| Total ALN 84.184G | | | 889,478 | 111,637 | 670,867 | 128,742 | 240,379 | |
| School Safety National Activities School Safety National Activities School Safety National Activities School Safety National Activities | 84.184H | \$184H220173 \$184H220173 \$184H220173 \$184H220173 | 1,994,937 1,318,127 910,601 2,922,653 | 257,787 109,951 - | 679,447 211,581 - - | 1,315,490 1,106,546 180,727 1,092,577 | 1,573,277 1,216,497 105,464 983,934 | 75,263 108,643 |
| Total ALN 84.184H | | | 7,146,318 | 367,738 | 891,028 | 3,695,340 | 3,879,172 | 183,906 |
| Total ALN 84.184 | | | 8,035,796 | 479,375 | 1,561,895 | 3,824,082 | 4,119,551 | 183,906 |
| Innovative Approaches to Literacy Innovative Approaches to Literacy Innovative Approaches to Literacy Innovative Approaches to Literacy | 84.215G | S215G210041 S215G210041 S215G210041 S215G210041 | 162,340 741,096 9,463 748,049 | 18,502 177,264 - - | 124,188 640,951 - | 38,152 100,145 9,463 465,078 | 56,654 277,409 9,463 436,409 | - - - 28,669 |
| Total ALN 84.215G | | | 1,660,948 | 195,766 | 765,139 | 612,838 | 779,935 | 28,669 |
| Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants Teacher and School Leader Incentive Grants | 84.374A | S374A210007 S374A210007 S374A210007 | 6,356,125 2,014,463 186,781 | 1,596,717 202,679 | 5,683,901 931,897 | 672,350 428,810 109,143 | 2,269,067 631,489 109,143 | - - - |
| Total ALN 84.374A | | | 8,557,369 | 1,799,396 | 6,615,798 | 1,210,303 | 3,009,699 | |
| Passed through Michigan Department of Education Federal Adult Ed English Literacy Civics - EL CIVICS Federal Adult Ed English Literacy Civics - EL CIVICS Federal Adult Ed English Literacy Civics - INSTRUCTIONAL | 84.002 | 241120-235005 251120-245005 241130-231250 251130-241250 241190-231250 251190-241250 | 157,638 125,850 159,323 145,600 31,885 28,800 | 8,903 - 14,471 - 20 | 87,981 - 124,768 - 8,219 | 88,193 - 109,817 - 24,213 | 8,903 67,747 14,471 93,411 20 9,886 | 20,446 - 16,406 - 14,327 |
| Total ALN 84.002 | | | 649,096 | 23,394 | 220,968 | 222,223 | 194,438 | 51,179 |

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Grantor's Number | Approved Grant Award Amount | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2024 | (Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures | Current Year Expenditures | Current Year Cash Receipts | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2025 |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| U.S. Department of Education (continued) Passed through Michigan Department of Education (continued) Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District | 84.010 | 241530-2324 251530-2425 | \$ 9,318,552 9,382,808 | \$ 638,744 | \$ 7,904,972 - | \$ 16,077 7,478,883 | \$ 654,821 6,282,750 | \$ - 1,196,133 |
| Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies | | 241570-2324 251570-2425 | 1,306,607 1,316,828 | 503,185 | 852,304 | 266,893 787,466 | 770,078 484,715 | 302,751 |
| Total ALN 84.010 | | | 21,324,795 | 1,141,929 | 8,757,276 | 8,549,319 | 8,192,364 | 1,498,884 |
| Passed through Michigan Department of Education Title I State Agency Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children & Youth Title I State Agency Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children & Youth | 84.013 | 241700-2324 251700-2425 | 351,199 274,838 | 29,066 | 175,239 | 22,792 131,690 | 51,858 97,475 | 34,215 |
| Total ALN 84.013 | | | 626,037 | 29,066 | 175,239 | 154,482 | 149,333 | 34,215 |
| Education for Homeless Children and Youth Education for Homeless Children and Youth | 84.196A | 242320-2324 252320-2425 | 115,409 206,091 | 5,588 | 79,423 | 17,439 83,911 | 23,027 79,986 | 3,925 |
| Total ALN 84.196A | | | 321,500 | 5,588 | 79,423 | 101,350 | 103,013 | 3,925 |
| Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants | 84.367 | 240520-2324 250520-2425 | 1,154,833 1,351,050 | 64,008 | 534,354 | 147,856 648,064 | 211,864 513,066 | 134,998 |
| Total ALN 84.367 | | | 2,505,883 | 64,008 | 534,354 | 795,920 | 724,930 | 134,998 |
| Student Support & Academic Enrichment Student Support & Academic Enrichment | 84.424 | 240750-2324 250750-2425 | 687,273 628,872 | 40,831 | 646,738 | 430 448,158 | 41,261 390,014 | 58,144 |
| Total ALN 84.424 | | | 1,316,145 | 40,831 | 646,738 | 448,588 | 431,275 | 58,144 |
| Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III) - Formula COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School | 84.425U | 213713-2122 | 67,164,737 | 879,955 | 64,042,865 | 3,121,872 | 4,001,827 | - |
| Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II) - 98c COVID-19 Homeless Children and Youth (ARP) COVID-19 Homeless Children and Youth (ARP) | 84.425V 84.425W 84.425W | 221037-2324 211012-2122 211013-2223 | 229,963 375,592 136,891 | 2,078 3,833 | 323,841 113,384 | 229,963 51,751 23,507 | 229,963 53,829 27,340 | - - - |
| Total ALN 84.425 | | | 67,907,183 | 885,866 | 64,480,090 | 3,427,093 | 4,312,959 | |

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Grantor's Number | Approved Grant Award Amount | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2024 | (Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures | Current Year Expenditures | Current Year Cash Receipts | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2025 |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| U.S. Department of Education (continued) Passed through Michigan Department of Education (continued) English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants | 84.365A | 240570-2324 250570-2425 240580-2324 250580-2425 | \$ 89,349 78,545 250,682 240,475 | \$ 836 - 5,491 | \$ 58,570 - 179,932 - | \$ 14,924 50,175 186 214,843 | \$ 15,760 46,532 5,677 207,735 | \$ - 3,643 - 7,108 |
| Total ALN 84.365A | | | 659,051 | 6,327 | 238,502 | 280,128 | 275,704 | 10,751 |
| Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States | 84.027 | 240450-2324 250450-2425 | 1,600,000 1,600,000 | 325,727 - | 1,600,000 | 1,600,000 | 325,727 1,262,403 | 337,597 |
| Total ALN 84.027 | | | 3,200,000 | 325,727 | 1,600,000 | 1,600,000 | 1,588,130 | 337,597 |
| Special Education Preschool Grants Special Education Preschool Grants | 84.173A | 240460-2324 250460-2425 | 150,763 158,721 | 37,899 | 150,763 | 158,721 | 37,899 126,290 | 32,431 |
| Total ALN 84.173A | | | 309,484 | 37,899 | 150,763 | 158,721 | 164,189 | 32,431 |
| Total Special Education Cluster | | | 3,509,484 | 363,626 | 1,750,763 | 1,758,721 | 1,752,319 | 370,028 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic to States Career and Technical Education - Basic to States | 84.048A | | 51,840 46,212 | 5,976 - | 51,840 | 46,212 | 5,976 40,596 | - 5,616 |
| Total ALN 84.048A | | | 98,052 | 5,976 | 51,840 | 46,212 | 46,572 | 5,616 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | | 124,374,161 | 5,431,918 | 88,578,859 | 25,157,376 | 27,934,368 | 2,654,926 |
| U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through City of Lansing COVID 10 progressions State and Local Final Progress Funds (APP) | 21.027 | | 400,000 | (22.255) | 264.602 | 22.255 | | |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP) Passed through Michigan Department of Education | 21.027 | | 400,000 | (33,355) | 264,693 | 33,355 | - | - |
| COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP) COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP) | | 232423-20231 242426-FFHH24 | 1,808,273 614,070 | - | - | 138,569 248,065 | 76,076 - | 62,493 248,065 |
| Passed through Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP) | | PSC-25-33-I | 280,521 | - | - | 261,033 | - | 261,033 |
| Passed through Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (ARP) | | E20240056 | 2,000,000 | | | 1,081,099 | 279,659 | 801,440 |
| Total ALN 21.027 | | | 5,102,864 | (33,355) | 264,693 | 1,762,121 | 355,735 | 1,373,031 |
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases | 93.323 | 242810-HRA2024 | 1,344,000 | 1,154,302 | 1,154,302 | 189,698 | 1,344,000 | - |
| Passed through Michigan Department of Education COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases | | 252810-HRA2025 | 759,400 | | | 759,400 | 759,400 | |
| Total ALN 93.323 | | | 2,103,400 | 1,154,302 | 1,154,302 | 949,098 | 2,103,400 | |

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title | Federal Assistance Listing Number | Pass-through Grantor's Number | Approved Grant Award Amount | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2024 | (Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures | Current Year Expenditures | Current Year Cash Receipts | Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2025 |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued) Passed through Michigan Department of Education (continued) COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response - Public Health Crisis Response | 93.354 | 252810-HRA2025 | \$ 735,600 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 680,016 | \$ 345,859 | \$ 334,157 |
| Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District Medicaid Cluster Medicaid Assistance Program | 93.778 | | 247,855 | | | 247,855 | 247,855 | |
| Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services | | | 3,086,855 | 1,154,302 | 1,154,302 | 1,876,969 | 2,697,114 | 334,157 |
| U.S. Department of Justice Direct Program STOP School Violence STOP School Violence STOP School Violence STOP School Violence Total ALN 16.839 | 16.839 | 15PBJA-22-GG-04658-STOP 15PBJA-22-GG-04658-STOP 15PBJA-22-GG-04658-STOP 15PBJA-24-GG-04339-STOP | 232,543 405,860 361,597 1,000,000 2,000,000 | 5,432 773 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 81,089 148,562 - - - 229,651 | 3,548 96,620 442,886 154,366 | 8,980 97,393 429,815 128,935 | 13,071 25,431 38,502 |
| U.S. Department of Labor Passed through Capital Area Michigan Works WIOA Program Cluster WIOA Youth Activities WIOA Youth Activities WIOA Youth Activities | 17.259 | | 1,089,695 785,676 76,717 1,952,088 | 172,926 4,641 177,567 | 871,177 4,641 | 60,700 683,400 3,882 747,982 | 233,626 582,754 816,380 | 105,287 3,882 109,169 |
| Total U.S. Department of Labor U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Michigan State Police, Emergency Management and Homeland Security Division State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program | 97.137 | EMW-2022-CY-00003 | 1,952,088 | | 8/5,818 | 147,900 | 147,900 | 109,169 |
| TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE | | | \$ 152,939,578 | \$ 6,810,547 | \$ 98,325,159 | \$ 39,437,431 | \$ 41,661,460 | \$ 4,586,518 |

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Lansing School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lansing School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Lansing School District.

Management has utilized the NexSys, Cash Management System and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Lansing School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025:

| General fund | \$ 32,234,371 |
|--|---------------|
| Other nonmajor governmental funds | 9,047,663 |
| Tatal fadoual manages in the found for an airl at the manage | 41 202 024 |
| Total federal revenue in the fund financial statements | 41,282,034 |
| Less: Federal assistance funding not subject to single audit act | (1,844,603) |
| Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards | \$ 39,437,431 |



517.323.7500

517.323.6346

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Lansing School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lansing School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lansing School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lansing School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lansing School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lansing School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 17, 2025

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

| Financial Statements | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles: | Unmodifi | _ | | | | | |
| Internal control over financial reporting: | | | | | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | X | No | | | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? | Yes | X | None reported | | | | |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Federal Awards | | | | | | | |
| Internal control over major programs: | | | | | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | Х | No | | | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? | Yes | X | None reported | | | | |
| Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: | Unmodifi | _ | | | | | |
| Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Identification of major programs: | | | | | | | |
| Assistance Listing Number(s) | Name of Fe | deral Pro | ogram or Cluster | | | | |
| 10.553, 10.555, 10.559, 10.582 21.027 | Child Nutrition Cluster Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | | | | | | |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: | \$1,183,1 | 23 | _ | | | | |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | <u>X</u> Yes | | _No | | | | |
| Section II - Financial Statement Findings | | | | | | | |
| None noted. | | | | | | | |
| Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs | | | | | | | |

 $None\ noted.$

LANSING SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

There were no audit findings in the previous year.