

Date: 12/03/2025

Project: Forest View Base Lane
Owner: Lansing School District

Location: Lansing, MI

A/E #: 2616.09

ADDENDUM NO. 01

SPECIAL NOTE:

The Notice to Bidders, Instructions to Bidders, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, Supplementary Conditions of the Contract for Construction, and all modifications and previously issued Contract Documentation are a part of this Addendum.

SCOPE OF WORK:

The following items are changes, additions, deletions, clarifications and/or errors and omissions in plans & specifications and shall be considered by each Bidder in making up and submitting their proposal. All items shall be considered a part of the Contract Documents.

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS:

All Bidders shall take note of all items covered by this Addendum. Each Bidder shall review the total scope of his responsibilities with respect to his contract work and his interface with the work of others, as well as his required interface with their work.

INCLUDED:

SPECIFICATIONS:

321313 – CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENTS, CURBS AND GUTTERS (not previously issued)

DRAWINGS:

C3.0 Utility Plans – (reissued)

Reissued to remove reference to detention basin.

OTHER:

Pre Bid Meeting Minutes/Attendance, including Pre-Bid RFI's 1-8 and additional information regarding intended date for post -bid interviews and information regarding coordination with City of Lansing Summer 2026 paving effort for Stoneleigh Drive.

END OF ADDENDUM WRITE UP - SEE ATTACHED DOCUMENTS.

Forest View Bus Lane - Pre-Bid Meeting

Attendees:

Jon Laing – Lansing School District
Todd Coe – Lansing School District
Sami Szeszulski – Kingscott – Project Manager
Tom Gerrish – Spalding DeDecker – Civil Engineer

Contractors in Attendance:

Karen Headley – MTCC – <u>info@mooretrosper.com</u>
Tom Stark – Leavitt & Starck Excavating , Inc <u>-tom@leavittandstark.com</u>
Dustin Schneemann – ET MacKenzie Co – <u>ds@mackenzieco.com</u>

RFI #1:

Contractor asked for clarification on how to handle the paving that occurs within the roadway in coordination with the city's - will contractor be responsible for that paving or city? Should contractor provide gravel beyond the curb line?

- Sami has reached out to City to clarify scope with city paving work. Based on the understanding that work being shown will be done in advance of the roadway work the city is doing, the awarded contractor will NOT be required to restore the area of pavement in the roadway with HMA – these areas would be restored by the City's roadway contractor. The awarded contractor WILL need to restore the utility trenches to finished grade with a minimum of aggregate base of 21AA gradation. The bus lane area itself WILL need to be completed by the awarded contractor as shown in the bid documents.

RFI #2:

Is it true that BWL will need to install the hydrant on site?

 Contractor is responsible for installing the water main, up to and including, the hydrant valve. The hydrant valve should be capped with a 2" tap. Contractor to coordinate with BWL to set the hydrant after flushing and testing is completed.

RFI #3:

It appears that section 321313 CONCRETE PAVING is missing from the project specifications, will those be provided?

- Section 321313 CONCRETE PAVING is provided in Addendum 01.

RFI #4:

There is a note on sheet C3.0 that mentions a detention basin in the project – is this correct?

- Note on C3.0 was revised to eliminate the reference to the detention basin. There is no detention basin in this project.

RFI #5:

There is a note on sheet C3.0 that refers to providing an allowance for potential vertical bends needed in the water main due to potential conflict with 12" storm piping. How much of an allowance should be carried here?

- Please carry \$25,000 for this allowance, and include that amount in your total base bid amount. If this scope of work becomes required, and costs more than the allowance carried, it will need to be addressed with a change order. If this scope of work is not required, allowance will not be paid out to the contractor. This allowance is not to be utilized for any other areas of work on the project without prior district approval.

RFI #6: Its noted on C4.0 that the contractor shall field verify extents of the existing sidewalk removal required to maintain ADA compliance to connections to new walks, and maintain positive drainage away from the building. Why?

- This is noted as such in the documents to confirm existing grading matches that that is provided on the site survey. If discrepancies are found that prevent the new walks to be constructed as design and still meet ADA slope requirements, the contractor is to notify the A/E and Owner team to discuss the extend of additional work needed to maintain those requirement prior to conducting the work in those areas.

RFI #7: Is it the contractors responsibility to pull the permits and pay permit fees? Can a permit/fee allowance be provided since those costs wont be known until after bids are due?

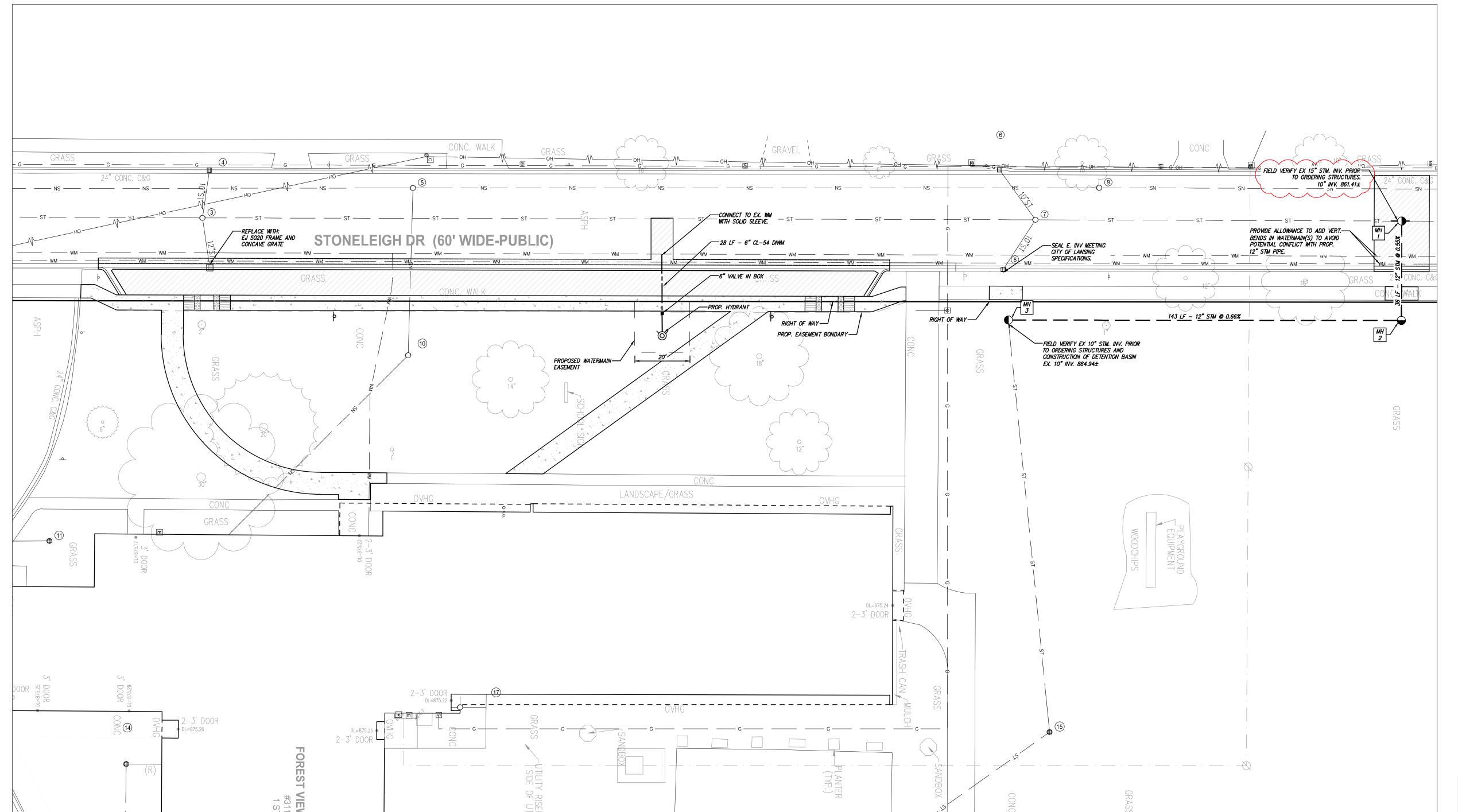
- The A/E Team and Lansing School District will submit projects for all applicable AHJ plan review processes and pat associated PLAN REVIEW fees. However, all PERMITS are to be pulled by the awarded contractors, and all PERMIT or onsite inspection or connection fees should be included in the contractors base bid.

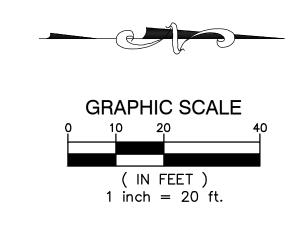
RFI #8: There seem to be some discrepancies between the restoration scope as described in the specifications and within the restoration note provided on C5.0. Can you clarify the site restoration scope?

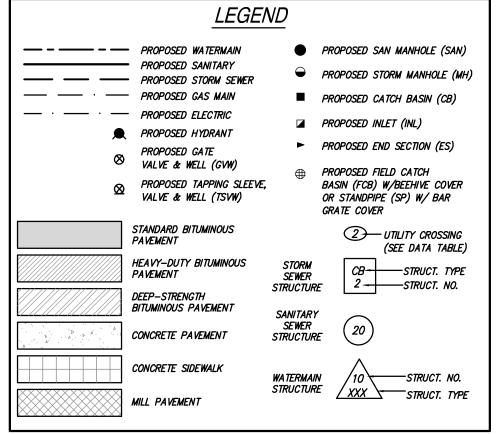
- Defer to the Restoration note provided on C5.0 for restoration scope. Awarded contractor is responsible for initial watering until seed mix is established. The district has stated that there is a hose bib located on that side of the building that can be utilized for watering purposes. No mowing is required.

Other Notes:

- The City of Lansing is planning to perform a paving project on Stoneleigh Drive in front of Forest View school next summer as well. Coordination of timing with the city's paving effort will be required. The city is hopeful that the work within the City ROW can be completed by the end of June 2026. The feasibility of this will be discussed in post bid interviews.
- Post Bid interviews are intended to be conducted on Wednesday, January 7th, 2026 and will be schedule with the low bidder(s).



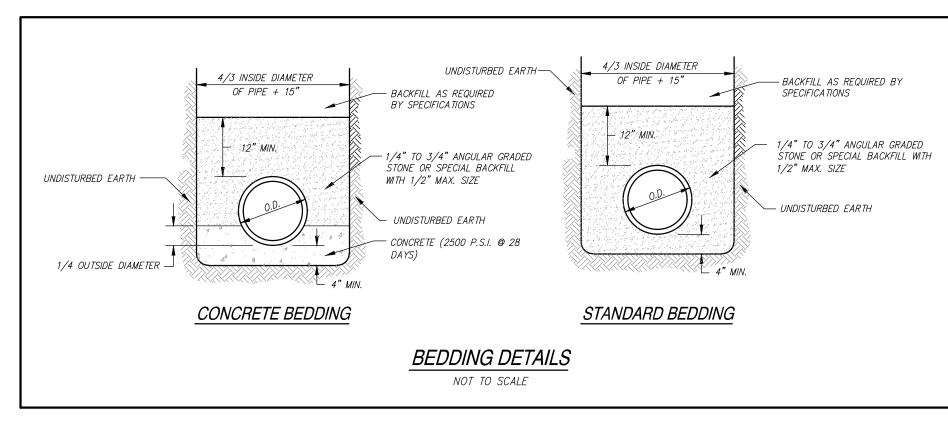


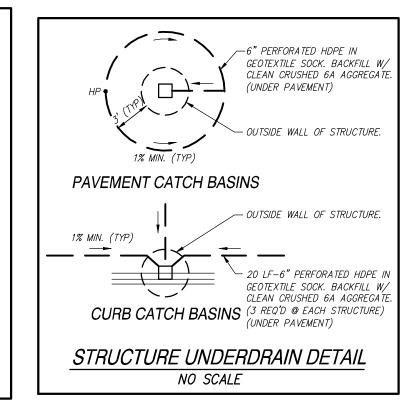


UTILITY NOTES

- STORM SEWER 12" AND LARGER SHALL BE C76 CL IV (PREM.JT.) UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLAN.
- STORM SEWER 6" AND SMALLER SHALL BE PVC SDR 23.5. STORM SEWER GREATER THAN 6" THROUGH 10" SHALL BE PVC SDR 26..
- ALL UTILITY TRENCHES THAT FALL WITHIN A 1-ON-1 INFLUENCE OF PAVEMENT AREAS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CLASS 2 SAND AND COMPACTED TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY.
- ALL WATER MAIN SHALL BE BURIED WITH 6° OF COVER FROM PROPOSED GRADES. USE 22.5° BENDS TO LOWER WATER MAIN WHERE NOTED AT UTILITY CROSSING. WHERE HYDRANTS ARE INDICATED ON THE PLAN, COMPLETE HYDRANT ASSEMBLIES ARE REQUIRED, INCLUDING SHUT-OFF VALVE AND BOX (REFER TO THE BWL STANDARD DETAIL SHEET FOR DETAILED REQUIREMENTS) THE ELEVATION OF THE VALVE BOX SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE FINISH GRADE (FG) ELEVATION OF THE HYDRANT UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF LANSING.
- ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON CLASS "B" BEDDING OR BETTER.
- 8. ALL HYDRANTS MUST BE AT LEAST 5' FROM THE BACK OF CURB OR EDGE OF PAVEMENT. ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE PLACED AT LEAST 10' FROM OTHER UTILITIES, SIGNIFICANT TREES, AND FIXED STRUCTURES.
- D. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL STORM SEWER STRUCTURES SHALL BE 4' DIAMETER (INLETS SHALL BE 2' DIAMETER). CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING STRUCTURES SIZES IN RELATION TO PIPE SIZES AND ANGLES AND PRICING THEIR BID ACCORDINGLY. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON THE STANDARD DETAIL SHEETS CASTINGS SHALL BE: PVMT. CATCH BASINS - EJIW 5105 - "M1" (FRAMES WITH CURB BOXES WILL NOT BE
- YARD CATCH BASINS EJIW 1040 "02" MANHOLES — EJIW 1040, 1046Z — "A"
- PLACEMENT OF EDGE DRAINS AND FINGER DRAINS AT ALL PAVEMENT CATCH BASINS IS REQUIRED. SEE STRUCTURE UNDERDRAIN DETAIL **SHEET C3.0**.
- 12. FOR CURB CATCH BASINS, SEE BASIN LOCATION DETAIL FOR BASIN STAKING RELATIVE TO THE
- . WHERE THESE PLANS DIFFER FROM THE STANDARD DETAILS OR STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF LANSING, THE CITY OF LANSING REQUIREMENTS SHALL GOVERN.
- 4. CATCH BASINS SHALL HAVE 3' SUMPS.

STORM STRUCTURE SCHEDULE							
STR. NO.	TYPE	RIM ELEV.	INV. SIZE	INV. DIR.	INVERT	IN/OUT	
1	4' DIA MANHOLE	870.59	12" 15" 15"	E S N	863.80' 861.41' 861.41'	In In Out	
2	BARRACUDA MAX S3	871.90	12" 12"	S W	864.00' 864.00'	In Out	
3	4' DIA MANHOLE	870.41	10" 12"	E N	864.94' 864.94'	Out Out	





	STRUCTURE UNDERDRAIN DETAIL NO SCALE
INSTALL GATE VALVE AND BOX (2 REQUIRED AS SHOWN) CLASS 54 D.I. WATER MAIN PIPE	NOTES: 1. USE STANDARD BEDDING. 2. SUBGRADE ELEVATION GIVEN ON PLANS. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHLORINATE AND PRESSURE TEST THE SECTION OF ADJUSTED WATER MAIN AT 150 P.S.I. PRIOR TO PLACING IN SERVICE. 4. VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT OF EXISTING WATER MAIN, INCLUDING GATE VALVES SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE PROJECT.

KEY PLAN JOB NO. **2616.07** SHEET TITLE

UTILITY PLAN

ISSUANCES

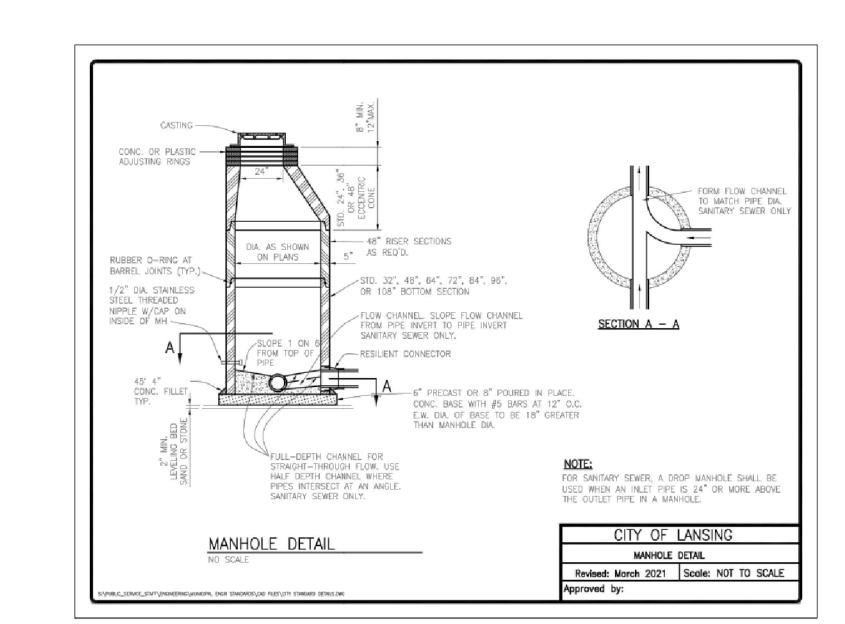
BID DOCUMENTS

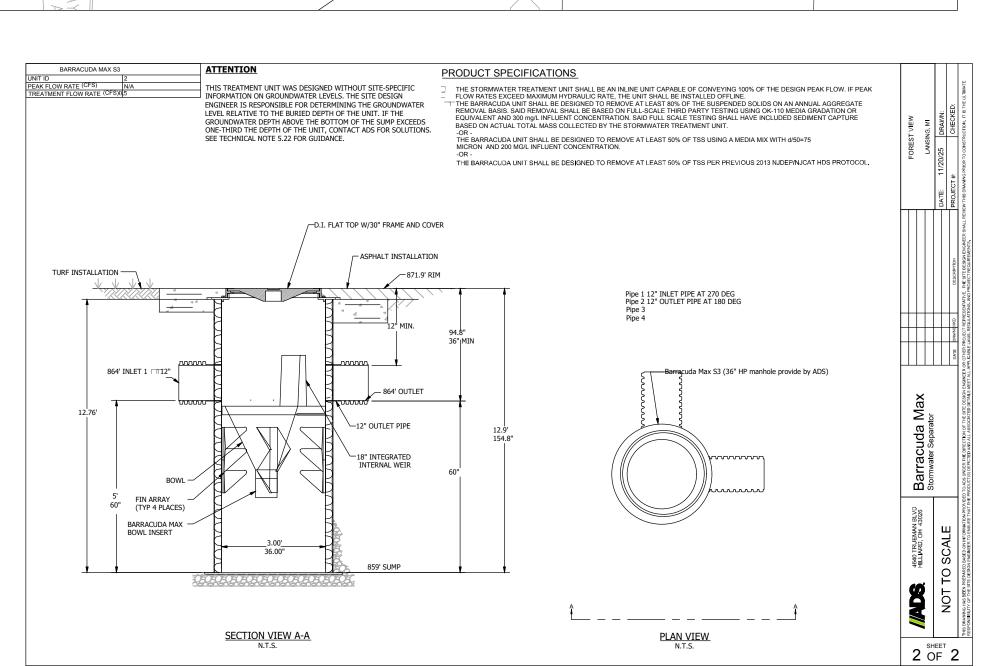
ADDENDUM 1

DATE

12/03/2025







— CORPORATION STOP (TYP.) 22 1/2° FITTINGS W/ RESTRAINED JOINTS (TYPICAL) VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WATER MAIN NOT TO SCALE

SECTION 321313 – CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENTS, CURBS AND GUTTERS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.
- B. All paving materials and construction methods shall conform to the current standards and specifications of the Michigan Department of Transportation. Where these specifications are less stringent than the requirements of MDOT, the MDOT standards shall govern.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes exterior cement concrete pavement for the following:
 - 1. Driveways and roadways.
 - 2. Parking lots.
 - 3. Curbs and gutters.
 - 4. Sidewalks and platforms.
 - 5. Wheel stops.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 312000 Section "Earth Moving" for subgrade preparation, grading and subbase course.

1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Refer to MDOT's current Standard Specifications for Construction.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit aggregate and concrete mix designs for review. Contractor shall confirm that the materials provided meet the required specifications, and provide material certification to the engineer. Material certification shall state that the products meet or exceed the requirements indicated on the plans and the requirements of the regulating authority.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer with at least three (3) years in business who has completed pavement work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products complying with ASTM C 94 requirements for production facilities and equipment and approved by authorities having jurisdiction or the DOT of the state in which Project is located.

- 1. Manufacturer must be certified according to the National Ready Mix Concrete Association's Plant Certification Program.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant and each aggregate from one source.

1.06 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic Control: Maintain access for vehicular and pedestrian traffic as required for other construction activities.
- B. Do not place concrete when base is wet or frozen. Protect concrete pavement from damage by rain or inclement weather.
- C. Protect the concrete from freezing until it attains a compressive strength of at least 1,000 PSI. Do not place concrete pavement until the ambient air temperature away from artificial heat is at least 25 degrees Fahrenheit and rising. At the time of concrete placement, ensure a concrete temperature from 45 degrees Fahrenheit to 90 degrees Fahrenheit.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 FORMS

- A. Form Materials: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood, or other approved panel-type materials to provide full-depth, continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.
 - 1. Use flexible or curved forms for curved conditions.
- B. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces.

2.02 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 185, fabricated flat sheets, unfinished.
- B. Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed billet steel, unfinished.
- C. Epoxy-Coated Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 775/A 775M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed bars.
- D. Steel Bar Mats: ASTM A 184/A 184M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed bars; assembled with clips.
- E. Joint Dowel Bars: Plain steel bars, ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60. Cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- F. Epoxy-Coated Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 775/A 775M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain steel bars.

- G. Tie Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- H. Hook Bolts: ASTM A 307, Grade A, internally and externally threaded. Design hook-bolt joint assembly to hold coupling against pavement form and in position during concreting operations, and to permit removal without damage to concrete or hook bolt.
- I. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcement bars, welded wire fabric, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete or fiber-reinforced concrete of greater compressive strength than concrete.
- J. Epoxy Repair Coating: Liquid two-part epoxy repair coating, compatible with epoxy coating on reinforcement.

2.03 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. General: Use the same brand and type of cementitious material from the same manufacturer throughout the Project. All material to meet current MDOT specifications.

2.04 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. dry where indicated on Contract Documents.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
- C. White Membrane Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2.

2.05 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.
 - 1. Thickness: ½ inch minimum and thicker where indicated.
- B. Coloring Agent: Where indicated, ASTM C 979, synthetic mineral-oxide pigments or colored water-reducing admixtures; color stable, nonfading, and resistant to lime and other alkalis.
 - 1. Color: n/a
- C. Wheel Stops (use only if indicated on the plans): Precast, air-entrained concrete; 2500-psi minimum compressive strength; approximately 6 inches high, 9 inches wide, and 84 inches long. Provide chamfered corners and drainage slots on underside, and provide holes for dowel-anchoring to substrate.
 - 1. Dowels: Galvanized steel, diameter of 3/4 inch, minimum length 18 inches.
- D. Slip-Resistive Aggregate Finish: Factory-graded, packaged, rustproof, nonglazing, abrasive aggregate of fused aluminum-oxide granules or crushed emery with emery aggregate containing not less than 50 percent aluminum oxide and not less than 25 percent ferric oxide; unaffected by freezing, moisture, and cleaning materials.

- E. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- F. Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class and grade to suit requirements.

2.06 CONCRETE MIXES

- A. Prepare design mixes, proportioned according to ACI 211.1 and ACI 301, for each type and strength of normal-weight concrete determined by either laboratory trial mixes.
- B. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs for the trial batch method.
- C. Concrete mix design shall meet the requirements of MDOT Concrete Grade P1, with compressive strength, maximum water-cementitious materials ratio, slump limit, and air content per MDOT specifications. Maximum aggregate size in coarse aggregate gradation shall be 1.5 inches.
- D. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement according to ACI 301 requirements for concrete exposed to deicing chemicals.
- E. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having an air content of 5.0 to 8.5 percent.
- F. Use appropriate treatment per MDOT specifications where concrete will be placed under freezing conditions. Obtain approval of Engineer prior to placing concrete in freezing conditions. Concrete accelerators may be used in cold temperatures as noted below:
 - 1. In concrete with steel reinforcement, a non-chloride accelerating admixture may be used. Admixture product shall be approved by MDOT per their current Qualified Products List (QPL) and the dosage shall be per manufacturer's instructions. Admixtures containing calcium chloride shall not be used in concrete containing steel reinforcement.
 - 2. In concrete without steel reinforcement, calcium chloride concrete accelerators may be used and shall meet the requirements of MDOT Specification Section 903.04.
- G. Coloring Agent: Where indicated, add coloring agent to mix according to manufacturer's written instructions.

2.07 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Comply with requirements and with ASTM C 94 and ASTM C 1116.
 - 1. When air temperature is between 85 deg F and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
- B. Project-Site Mixing: Comply with requirements and measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drumtype batch machine mixer.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Proof-roll prepared subbase surface to check for unstable areas and verify need for additional compaction and repair as required.
- B. Verify that grades are correct.

3.02 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to required lines, grades, and elevations.
- B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

3.03 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating reinforcement and with recommendations in CRSI's "Placing Reinforcing Bars" for placing and supporting reinforcement.
- B. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement. Maintain minimum cover to reinforcement.
- C. Install welded wire fabric in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh, and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.
- D. Install fabricated bar mats in lengths as long as practicable. Handle units to keep them flat and free of distortions. Straighten bends, kinks, and other irregularities, or replace units as required before placement. Set mats for a minimum 2-inch overlap to adjacent mats.

3.04 JOINTS

- A. General: Construct construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. At all locations where new concrete abuts existing concrete, building wall, or supported slabs, place expansion joint and joint sealant.
- C. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and end terminations of pavement and at locations where pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour, unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.
 - 1. Provide preformed galvanized steel or plastic keyway-section forms or bulkhead forms with keys, unless otherwise indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches into concrete.

- D. Isolation Joints: Form isolation joints of preformed joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where required.
 - 1. Terminate joint filler 1 inch below finished surface to allow placement of joint sealant.
 - 2. Joint sealant is required for all projects even if not indicated on the plans.
- E. Expansion Joints: Place 1 inch (25 mm) wide expansion joints at maximum 40 foot intervals, if not indicated on drawings. Joints to be full depth of pavement. Place joint sealant at all expansion joints.
- F. Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints if indicated on the plans. Lubricate or asphalt-coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
- G. Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas. Construct ¼ inch wide contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-third of the concrete thickness. Maximum spacing of contractions joints shall be 8'.
 - 1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with grooving tool to a 3/8-inch (10-mm) radius. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces.
 - 2. Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before developing random contraction cracks.
 - 3. Doweled Contraction Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
- H. Edging: Tool edges of pavement, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to the following radius.
 - 1. Radius: 3/8 inch (10 mm).

3.05 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcement steel, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.
- B. Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface and reinforcement before placing concrete. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces.
- C. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement.
- D. Consolidate concrete by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand-spading, rodding, or tamping. Use equipment and procedures to consolidate concrete according to recommendations in ACI 309R.

- E. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.
- F. Hot-Weather Placement: Place concrete according to recommendations in ACI 305R when hotweather conditions exist.

3.06 CONCRETE FINISHING

- A. General: Wetting of concrete surfaces during screeding, initial floating, or finishing operations is prohibited.
- B. Float Finish: Float surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots, and fill low spots.
 - 1. Area Paving: Light broom, texture perpendicular to pavement direction.
 - 2. Curbs and Gutters: Light broom, texture parallel to pavement direction.
 - 3. Direction of Texturing: Parallel to pavement direction.
 - 4. Inclined Vehicular Ramps: Heavy broomed perpendicular to slope.
 - 5. Place sealer on exposed concrete surfaces immediately after finishing. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Provide detectable warning surface at all handicap ramps to meet ADA requirements in accordance with ANSI sections 406.13 and 705.

3.07 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and follow recommendations in ACI 305R for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, curing compound, or a combination of these as follows:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
 - a. Water.
 - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
 - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
 - 2. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.08 PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:
 - 1. Elevation Variation: 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Surface Variation: Gap below 10-foot-long, unleveled straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch.
 - 4. Maximum cross slope for walks, ramps, platforms: 2%
 - 5. Maximum longitudinal walk slopes not requiring landings and handrails: 5%
 - 6. Maximum longitudinal ramp slopes: 8.33% (1 on 12 slope)

3.09 PAVEMENT MARKING

- A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint until layout, colors, and placement have been verified with Engineer.
- B. Allow concrete pavement to cure for 28 days and be dry before starting pavement marking.
- C. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- D. Apply paint with mechanical equipment to produce pavement markings of dimensions indicated with uniform, straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates to provide a minimum wet film thickness of 15 mils.
 - 1. If indicated on the plans, spread glass beads uniformly into wet pavement markings at a rate of 6 lb/gal.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspection agency to sample materials, perform tests, and submit test reports during concrete placement according to requirements specified.
- B. Testing Services: Testing shall be performed according to the following requirements:
 - 1. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M; one set of four standard cylinders for each compressive-strength test. Cylinders shall be molded and stored for laboratory-cured test specimens unless field-cured test specimens are required.
 - 2. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; one set for each day's pour of each concrete class exceeding 5 cu. yd., but less than 25 cu. yd., plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. One specimen shall be tested at 7 days and two specimens at 28 days; one specimen shall be retained in reserve for later testing if required.
- C. Test results shall be reported in writing to Engineer, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 24 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing agency, concrete type and class, location of concrete batch in pavement, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mix proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.

D. Additional Tests: Testing agency shall make additional tests of the concrete when test results indicate slump, air entrainment, concrete strengths, or other requirements have not been met. Testing agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42, or by other methods as directed.

3.11 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective, or does not meet requirements as directed by the Engineer.
- B. Remove and replace concrete sidewalks and/or ramps that do not comply with maximum slopes indicated in Section 3.8A above.
- C. Protect concrete from damage. Exclude traffic from pavement for at least fourteen (14) calendar days after placement.

END OF SECTION